ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS

Annual Financial Report

For the year ended December 31, 2010

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Annual Financial Report For the year ended December 31, 2010

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



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FPP 13

September 14, 2011

To the Honorable Chairman, Members of the Board, and the Citizens of St. Clair County,

We hereby issue the annual financial report of St. Clair County, Illinois, the primary government, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The financial statements have been audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

As part of the County's compliance with GAAP, St. Clair County reports under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments. The objective of this statement is to enhance the understandability and usefulness of the external financial reports of state and local governments to its citizenry, legislative and oversight bodies, and creditors. Not only does the report concentrate on cumulative results of governmental funds and that of the business-type fund, the County includes certain highway infrastructure (as discussed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis) as part of its reported assets and depreciates all capital assets.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of St. Clair County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of St. Clair County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

St. Clair County's financial statements have been audited by J.W. Boyle & Co., Ltd., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to

provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of St. Clair County, Illinois, for the year ended December 31, 2010, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an opinion that the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP except that the financial activities of its component units, St. Clair County Public Building Commission and Intergovernmental Grants Department, are not included in these financial statements. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in St. Clair County's separately issued Single Audit Report and may be obtained in the County Board Office.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and, accordingly, should be read in conjunction with it. St. Clair County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

St. Clair County, Illinois was incorporated on April 27, 1790. It is located along the Mississippi River across from St. Louis, Missouri. The County encompasses 673 square miles of both rural and urban areas. Its largest city is the City of Belleville, which is also the county seat. The County is the ninth largest in the state with a population of approximately 270,056 according to the 2010 census.

The County is comprised of 22 townships that lie in 29 County Board districts. Board members are elected to serve four-year staggered terms. The County Board Chairman is elected at large to a four-year term. This Board is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances and adopting the budget. The Chairman is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Board, overseeing day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments. The Chairman also makes committee assignments and appoints ad hoc committees.

Also overseeing offices of County government and the judiciary are the following elected county officials: Assessor, Auditor, Board of Review Members, Circuit Clerk, Circuit Judges, County Clerk, Coroner, Recorder of Deeds, Sheriff, States Attorney, Superintendent of Schools, and the Treasurer. The County Treasurer acts as the County Collector for purposes of property tax collection as well as the Treasurer. These officials are elected to four-year staggered terms.

St. Clair County provides a wide range of services including police protection, jail and juvenile detention home operations, emergency service and dispatch, court services, health and welfare services, highway construction and maintenance, building inspection, parks, and planning services. The County is not involved in hospital or nursing home operations. In 1998, the County opened a joint military-civilian use airport facility.

The annual budget is on the cash basis and serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All departments of the County are required to submit requests for appropriation on a cash basis to the County Administrator each year. The Administrator uses these requests as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Finance Committee from the County Board works with the Administrator and the department heads to finalize a budget proposal for presentation to the full Board for approval. The approved budget is by fund and department on a line-item basis. The Finance Committee reviews all budget transfers and transfers from the contingency line are presented to the full Board for approval. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for all major funds.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which St. Clair County operates.

The County has had to make adjustments to its operations due to the current economic environment of the State of Illinois and the County. Tax revenues from the State have not yet rebounded to the 2008 levels while other State revenues have been dramatically reduced or significantly delayed. In some cases, the State has shifted its financial responsibilities to local governments. The County's unemployment rate for December, 2010 was 9.8%; down from the 11.2% mark at the end of 2009. Due to its varied industries and its proximity to the St. Louis metropolitan area, the rate was only slightly higher than the State as a whole. The County provides industrial, manufacturing, service and agricultural employment and has a highly skilled workforce. Scott Air Force Base is the largest employer and continues to expand its operations. This expansion has helped the County offset other declines.

There was limited real estate development in the County in 2010. However, the 2010 census indicated a more than expected population growth from 2000. According to the 2010 census, the County's population is 270,056; nearly a 5.5% increase from 2000.

The County is in the center of major transportation networks. Highway interstates 64, 55/70, and 255 are supplemented by many other U.S. and state highways. Five railroads provide rail freight and passenger service to the area. The Mississippi River provides barge freight service connecting the Great Lakes and the St. Lawrence Seaway to the Gulf of Mexico. In addition, two airports are located in the County: Downtown St. Louis Parks Airport (Parks) and MidAmerica St. Louis Airport (MidAmerica). Parks is a designated General Aviation Reliever Airport for St. Louis Lambert Field and is the base for several service, maintenance and charter operations. MidAmerica also provides relief services as well as a joint civilian/military runway for larger aircraft: military, passenger, charter, and cargo aircraft. An aircraft maintenance service operation is based at the airport. In 2011, Boeing began certain aircraft parts manufacturing operations. The Illinois State Police also conducts operations at the airport. The Airport

holds a foreign trade zone location designation and has a Customs and Border Patrol facility on site. Concentrated efforts to bring scheduled international cargo flights continue.

A commuter mass-transit system connects St. Clair County to St. Louis, Missouri. The system currently links St. Louis Lambert International Airport to Scott Air Force Base in Mascoutah, Illinois. Scott Air Force Base is adjacent to the MidAmerica St. Louis Airport. Initial plans for the extension of the commuter system to the civilian air terminal have already been developed.

St. Clair County has several institutions of higher education within its borders as well as the exceptional educational opportunities in neighboring St. Louis, including but not limited to Washington University and St. Louis University. Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville is located approximately 20 miles north of the County. Located in the County, Southwestern Illinois College is a junior college offering various associate degrees while McKendree University, the oldest college in Illinois, and Lindenwood University, offer more advanced degrees.

Long-term Planning

As development continues to expand along the Highway 64 corridor, the County has invested millions of dollars to expand roadways to better connect various parts of the County and facilitate travel for its residents. Illinois, Missouri, the U.S. Department of Transportation, St. Clair County, and neighboring counties have come to an agreement on building another bridge across the Mississippi. Leaders continue to work diligently to expand mass transit by securing federal funding for the expansion of the MetroLink mass transit system in addition to providing certain sales tax revenue earmarked for the Bi-State Transit District growth.

The County, along with other adjacent communities, was able to establish a special flood prevention district funded in part by a sales tax to improve existing levies along the Mississippi River. Representatives of these metro-east communities formed a task force to work closely with the Corps of Engineers to mitigate flood hazards in the areas along the river.

The County continues to explore development opportunities for the region, especially at MidAmerica St. Louis Airport, in conjunction with the expansion of Scott Air Force Base (Scott). The military base is the #1 employer in the County. Once the Department of Defense made its decision not to close the site based on the recommendation by the Base Realignment and Closure Commission (BRAC), military, County and other local leaders continue to work on joint-use planning. Expansion of military activities at the base has already increased significantly with more missions being moved to the base. The construction of nearly 600 new military housing units was completed in 2008 and nearly 1,100 additional personnel have been transferred to the base. The MidAmerica runway extension constructed as part of an agreement to move the Air National Guard Unit to Scott in 2000 and the extension of the Scott runway as part of the original project allow the joint-use facility to support the larger aircraft of military missions.

MidAmerica completed a Customs and Border Patrol facility in early 2007; a new requirement under Homeland Security regulations. U.S. legislators from Illinois and other local leaders were able to secure an international port of entry status for

MidAmerica. Temporary cargo facilities are currently in place with construction for dry and refrigerated facilities in the planning stages. Efforts to expand international cargo operations continue. Test cargo flights from China and South America have been successful.

Cash Management Policies and Practices

The County Treasurer concentrates on ensuring that cash balances are invested at all times. Cash balances fluctuate considerably during the year due predominantly to the timing of real estate tax collections, but delayed state revenues and declining other tax revenues reduced average cash balances. The Treasurer pools the money from all funds of the County to maximize investment opportunities using certificates of deposit, money markets, U.S. obligations, commercial paper, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer Pool. State statutes and collateral requirements of the County's investment policy, both established to protect public funds, limit investment options. As anticipated, interest earnings were down again due to the incredibly low rates and declining cash balances. It is not anticipated that earnings will increase in 2011.

Interest rates and investment earnings also have an impact on the County's plans for acquiring and retiring debt. In July, 2009, the County elected to terminate a forward interest rate exchange agreement (Swap) and take advantage of the lower long-term bond rates by retiring part and refinancing the remaining Airport bonds. Interest savings more than offset the lost earnings on cash reserves used to pay down the debt. The County continues to look at bonding possibilities for needed capital projects in the near future.

Risk Management

St. Clair County maintains self-insurance programs for employee medical, tort, and worker's compensation. The County purchases commercial insurance for excess coverage over the self-insured retention amounts and has elected to fully insure selected exposures. The County uses a third party actuary to help determine funding requirements based on trends in actual claims experience, stop loss coverage, and provision for catastrophic losses.

Insurance costs had been rising significantly each year and the County is in constant review of its coverages and other ways to reduce costs. The insured assets and activities of the County continue to increase thereby increasing the overall insurance exposures for the County again in 2010. General government premiums for general liability, property, and worker's compensation insurance increased from \$1,091,000 in 2009 to \$1,198,000 in 2010. Airport insurance premium expenses fell slightly; \$509,000 in 2009 to \$501,000 in 2010.

Employee medical fund claims and premium costs have seen dramatic changes. In addition to rising medical costs, the number and types of medical incidents affect the annual costs. The 2009 costs were \$10.2 million as opposed to the \$11.4 million in 2010. The County has been evaluating the current and long-term effects of changes in retiree medical benefits as part of new governmental accounting standards. The County began funding, on an actuarially basis, future medical costs for current and future retirees to minimize the cost burdens in later years. The funding requirements include current and prior service costs. This is expected to increase as medical costs and the

number of retirees increases. In addition, steps have been taken to audit dependant coverage.

Employee Retirement System

The County is a participating member, by state statute, in a contributory multi-employer retirement plan administered by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), which covers all employees who meet certain criteria. The annual County contribution is based upon rates fixed annually by IMRF to provide funding of prior service costs, including interest, as determined actuarially, over a period of not more than forty years. The County was slightly overfunded at December 31, 2003 on a cumulative basis but dropped dramatically to an unfunded actuarially determined position of \$6.7 million in 2007, even with increased employer contributions. Since 2007 the unfunded balance continues to grow and was in nearly of \$35 million by the end of 2010 as investment rates plummeted and benefits increased significantly for Special Law Enforcement participants. The County continues to pay its net pension obligation each year as actuarially determined by IMRF. Although the actuarially determined unfunded liability is not recorded as a liability in the financial statements, this underfunded position impacts future contribution rates. Accordingly, IMRF rates for the next several years are anticipated to increase significantly. From 2003 to 2010, the rates have jumped as follows: Regular employees, .96% to 10.86%; SLEP (law enforcement), 12.80% to 20.73%; and ECO (elected officials), 44.31% to 43.66%. Rates for 2011 increased to 11.73%, 20.55% and 39.53% respectively. Pension costs paid by the County for 2010 were \$5.3 million.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the St. Clair County Auditor's office and the Administration. We would like to express our appreciation to those who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Chairman and County Board for their support for maintaining integrity and ethical values and for their commitment to competence and professionalism in the management of St. Clair County finances.

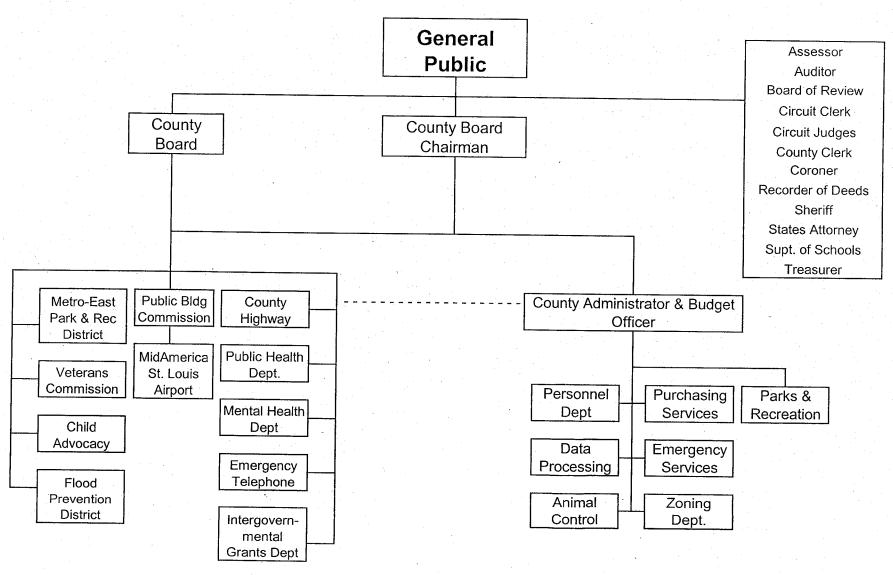
Respectfully,

Patty A. Sprague

St. Clair County Auditor

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St. Clair County, Illinois Organizational Chart December 31, 2010



ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS

Principal Officials

December 31, 2010

County Board Members

Carl A. Gomez
Willie McIntosh
Robert Eastern, Jr.
Lelon R. Seaberry, Sr.
Lonnie Mosley
Roy Mosley, Jr.
Edwin L. Cockrell
Ken Easterley
C. Richard Vernier
Dixie M. Seibert
Jerry Dinges
Patricia Keeley
Stephen Reeb
Larry Stammer

John West
June Chartrand
Curtis Jones
Craig W. Hubbard
C. David Tiedemann
Charles Lee
Frank X. Heiligenstein
Michael O"Donnell
Bill Blair II
Marty Crawford
Jeffery Radford
Michael Crockett Jr.
Kenneth G. Sharkey
Joseph J. Kassly, Jr.
Carol Clark

Other Elected Officials

Mark Kern, County Board Chairman
Bob Delaney, County Clerk
LuAnn Henry, Circuit Clerk
Charles Suarez, County Treasurer
Patty Sprague, County Auditor
Brendan Kelly, State's Attorney
Michael T. Costello, Recorder of Deeds
Rick Stone, County Coroner
Brad Harriman, Regional Supt. of Schools
Mearl J. Justus, Sheriff
Jennifer Gomric-Minton, County Assessor
Claire Prindable, Board of Review
Kevin Malone, Board of Review
Charlotte Moore, Board of Review
John Baricevic, Chief Judge of the Circuit Court

Appointed Officials

Daniel L. Maher, Director of Administration
Kevin Hutchison, Public Health Administrator
Dana Rosenzweig, Executive Director, Mental Health Board
Debra Moore, Director, Intergovernmental Grants
Darrell Cates, Superintendant of Highways
Dave Lang, Director, Data Processing
Tom Maziarz, Manager, Central Services
Betty Martz, Manager, Human Resources
Mike Mitchell, Director, Zoning/Mapping & Platting
Randy Lay, Emergency Services & Disaster Agency
Norman Touchette, Superintendent, Foley Park
Dan McGuire, Director of Buildings

FINANCIAL SECTION

J.W.BOYLE & CO., LTD.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

Mr. Mark Kern, Chairman St. Clair County Board Belleville, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St. Clair County, Illinois (County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County's primary government as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the respective financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of St. Clair County, Illinois, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that comprise the County's legal entity. The financial statements do not include financial data for the County's legally separate component units, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government. As a result, the primary government financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of St. Clair County, Illinois, as of December 31, 2010, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Mr. Mark Kern, Chairman St. Clair County Board Page 2

In our opinion, based on our audit the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for the primary government of St. Clair County, Illinois, as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated September 14, 2011 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 15 and A4 through A8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the St. Clair County, Illinois' financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The Combining and Individual Nonmajor Fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Mr. Mark Kern, Chairman St. Clair County Board Page 3

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

J.W. Boyle & Co., Ltd.

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September 14, 2011

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of St. Clair County, Illinois, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of St. Clair County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year by \$363,539,000 (net assets). Of this amount, \$91,241,000 is restricted for specific purposes of governmental activities. \$214,341,000 accounts for the net capital assets less related debt.
- The County's total net assets decreased by \$5.3 million. The increase in the net assets of governmental activities was offset by the current operating deficit of the Airport operations.
- The governmental activities posted an increase in net assets of \$2.8 million after a \$4 million transfer to the operations of the Airport.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of St. Clair County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of St. Clair County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a

significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, transportation, judicial and public health. The business-type activities of the County include the MidAmerica St. Louis Airport operations.

The government-wide financial statements do not include the financial information for the County's component units, St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Department, the St. Clair County Public Building Commission, or the St. Clair County Flood Prevention District. Audited financial statements for the Intergovernmental Grants Department may be obtained from their administrative offices at 19 Public Square, Belleville, Illinois 62220. The Public Building Commission and the Flood Prevention District's audits are available at their offices at 10 Public Square, Belleville, Illinois 62220.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Classifications of expenditures within functions in the governmental fund statements are based on the County's budget document. Certain costs reported as general government expenditures in the funds statements have been distributed to the various functions for the government-wide financial statements reporting purposes. These include employee social security, retirement, and insurance benefits, occupancy costs, supplies, and other insurance costs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 38 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Lease Payable Fund, Transportation Fund and the Debt Service Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 34 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these

non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages B7-B16 of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its Airport operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions, including employee medical self-insurance and unemployment. The services provided by these funds predominantly benefit the governmental rather than the business-type functions. They have been included with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the MidAmerica St. Louis Airport. The Airport is considered to be a major fund of St. Clair County. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements on pages B17-B20 of this report.

The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 23-27 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 28-29 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 30-61 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning St. Clair County. The County adopts an annual appropriated budget on the cash basis for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General, the Lease Payable, and the Transportation funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget on pages A5-A7. Budgetary comparison for the non-major governmental funds can be found as part of the combining statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, internal service funds, and the fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplemental information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages B1-B22 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of St. Clair County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$363,539,000 at the close of 2010.

The governmental activities' assets account for 68% of total assets of the County; 54% of the liabilities; and 74% of net assets. Nearly 58% of total assets are invested in capital assets of which a large portion of the capital assets are attributable to the Airport infrastructure.

St. Clair County's Net Assets (in thousands)

	Governmental		Busine	~ .	_	_
		/ities	Activ	rities	То	tal
	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	2009	2010	2009
Current assets	\$ 211,882	\$ 212,145	\$ 1,301	7.952	\$ 213,183	\$ 220.097
Restricted assets	-	-	4,215	4,053	4,215	4,053
Capital assets	131,162	129,294	153,645	156,103	284,807	285,397
Other long-term assets	232	232	-	-	232	232
Total assets	343,276	341,671	159,161	168,108	502,437	509,779
Current liabilities	51,963	47,078	1,989	3,616	53,952	50,694
Long-term liabilities	23,008	29,076	61,938	61,212	84,946	90,288
Total liabilities	74,971	76,154	63,927	64,828	138,898	140,982
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt	107,297	102,998	107,044	110,589	214,341	213,587
Restricted	91,241	92,900	· -	-	91,241	92,900
Unrestricted	69,767	69,619	(11,810)	(7,309)	57,957	62,310
Total net assets	\$ 268,305	\$ 265,517	\$ 95,234	\$ 103,280	\$ 363,539	\$ 368,797

Current and restricted assets, comprised predominantly of cash and investments and receivables, decreased \$6.9 million from 2009. Cash and investments fell more than \$5 million as a result of paying debt service, capital improvements and reductions in revenues collected. Taxes receivable decreased \$2 million as the County was able to collect and distribute the 2010 tax collections in a timelier manner. Nearly \$33.6 million in property tax receivables are included in current assets but will not be collected until mid-2011 to finance the 2011/2012 expenditures. Revenue recognition for these receivables has been deferred (included in current liabilities) and not included in the County's net assets. The County holds investments of approximately \$6.8 million of airport funds; \$3.9 million of these funds have been placed as required collateral for bond payments due in 2016 and 2017 and discussed in more detail in the notes to the financial statements. These investments represent reimbursements from a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) grant that is being set aside for repayment of Airport debt. Another \$20 million of governmental funds has been designated for debt reduction.

The most significant portion of St. Clair County's net assets is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire these capital assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens or, for Airport assets, provide services to its customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although

St. Clair County's investments in its capital assets are net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must generally be provided from future resources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The governmental activities for 2010 included more than \$9 million in capital asset additions; road infrastructure, \$4.7 million; equipment, \$1.1 million; land and buildings, \$.2 million; and \$3 million in work in progress. Road infrastructure (including related land), net of accumulated depreciation continues to be the more significant part of the capital assets of the governmental funds at nearly \$72 million or 55% of the total. Major infrastructure assets that were acquired (purchased, constructed or donated) after June 30, 1980, or that received major renovations, restorations, or improvements after that date have been capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements. At December 31, 2010, the County maintained 238 miles of roads. Of this, 148 miles are considered oil and chip roads and another 22 miles are asphalt roads, both of which were acquired or constructed prior to 1980. In most cases these roads have had little improvements other than routine maintenance. Accordingly, these roads have not been capitalized. The County uses a threshold of \$100,000 per road mile for its capitalization policy.

The business-type activity capital assets are with MidAmerica St. Louis Airport operations. These assets, which account for 97% of Airport assets, have been financed with County, state, and federal contributions in addition to over \$70 million in debt proceeds. The County continues to make improvements with the financial assistance of FAA and state grant funds when feasible as well as County contributions.

Long-term debt represents a major component of liabilities (62%) and, for the most part, is a direct result of financing capital asset and improvements and interest accretion on outstanding debt. In 2009, the Airport used most of its restricted assets to reduce certain long-term debt and to restructure much of the remaining bond issue, thereby reducing current obligations significantly in 2009. Other current liabilities tend to fluctuate with operations and the timing of payments for both operations and construction projects.

At the end of the year, the County reported positive net assets for both the governmental and business-type activities. The assets of St. Clair County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year by \$363,539,000 (net assets). Approximately 25% of net assets are restricted for specific use; \$91,241,000 are restricted for specific purposes of governmental activities. The investment in net capital assets less related debt was \$214,341,000 at the end of 2010. Unrestricted net assets were available for general use by the County to meet the County's ongoing general obligations to citizens and creditors.

Net assets of St. Clair County decreased by \$5.3 million during 2010. Governmental activities provided a positive change of \$2.8 million to lessen the effect of a \$8 million reduction from Airport activities. Key elements of the change are as follows:

St. Clair County's Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands)

	Governmental Activities			ess-type vities	Total		
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	
Revenues:					<u> </u>	2000	
Program revenues:				100			
Charges for services	\$ 25,342	\$ 25,461	\$ 3,166	\$ 2,140	\$ 28,508	\$ 27,601	
Operating grants &	¥ _0,0	Ψ 20,101	Ψ 0,100	Ψ 2,140	Ψ 20,500	Φ 27,001	
contributions	18,742	19,054	3,043	2,954	21,785	22,008	
Capital grants &	3,	10,001	0,040	2,304	21,700	22,000	
contributions	3,430	229	388	747	3,818	976	
General revenues:	-,		300	1-71	3,010	976	
Property taxes	33,601	33,245	_	_	33,601	33,245	
Other taxes	15,645	14,847		_	15,645	14,847	
Investment earnings	1,924	2,284	157	220	2,081	2,504	
Other	30	(18)		16	30	(2)	
Total revenues	98,714	95,102	6,754	6,077	105,468	101,179	
				0,077	100,100	104,175	
Expenses:							
General government	21,451	16,133	_	·	21,451	16,133	
Public safety	33,139	32,692	_	<u>.</u>	33,139	32,692	
Judicial	11,697	11,446			11,697	11,446	
Transportation	10,805	7,101	-	· -	10,805	7,101	
Public health	14,035	12,067		-	14,035	12,067	
Interest - long-term debt	802	823		· -	802	823	
Airport operations		_	18,797	19,176	18,797	19,176	
Total expenses	91,929	80,262	18,797	19,176	110,726	99,438	
Increase (decrease) in net				,	1.0,120	55,750	
assets before transfers	6,785	14,840	(12,043)	(13,099)	(5,258)	1,741	
Transfers	(3,997)	(6,919)	3,997	6,919	(0,200)	1,1-1	
Increase (decrease) in net					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
assets	2,788	7,921	(8,046)	(6,180)	(5,258)	1,741	
Net assets-beginning	265,517	257,596	103,280	109,460	368,797	367,056	
Net assets-ending	\$ 268,305	\$ 265,517	\$ 95,234	\$ 103,280	\$ 363,539	\$ 368,797	

Governmental Activities

Total revenues increased by \$3.6 million from 2009. This net increase is due large part to increases of nearly \$3.2 million in federal and state capital programs for energy renovations and transportation projects. Charges for services and operating grants slipped by \$431,000 while investment earnings fell by \$359,000. The continued slide of interest rates and reduced investment balances during 2010 led to the decline.

Property taxes continue to account for approximately 34% of governmental revenues. The County increased its tax rate slightly from .9161 to .9168 for taxes collected in 2010. This increase with the increase in assessed valuations resulted in higher property tax revenues of \$356,000. Other tax revenues had a net increase of \$798,000.

Overall governmental expenses increased approximately \$11,667,000. Employee benefits costs (retirement and medical) increased for all functional areas. The most substantial increase was in General Government expenses. Besides the increases in the employee benefits, the increase of \$5.3 million was also attributable to increases in demolitions, park grants, lease costs, and tort insurance. Transportation expenses

increased by \$3.7 million. These expenses tend to fluctuate with weather and scheduled projects. Public Health expenses rose nearly \$2 million due to increases in vaccinations, food, and other in-kind grants and other demolition costs. Public safety expenses showed an increase of \$447,000 while Judicial expenses increased \$251,000.

Business-type Activities

Built as a joint-use military/civilian facility with Scott Air Force Base, the operating deficits of the Airport have included a significant amount of fixed costs required to keep the runway open. These include, but are not limited to, fire safety and security, insurance, and runway maintenance. The Airport posted a \$8 million reduction in net assets for 2010; the loss from operations was \$543,000 less in 2010 as the airport was able to reduce certain operating costs.

Net fuel revenues were up \$45,000 in 2010 as well as actual gallons sold. The volatile oil prices continues to cripple most of the transportation industry, significantly reducing the gallons sold to both military and non-military users from the pre-2008 levels. However the activity was significantly better in 2010 than the 2009 levels.

Operating grants were up by \$89,000. State and federal operating grants continued in 2010 supporting the airport master plan project and certain cargo inspection processes. Other contributions supported marketing efforts. Runway improvements were completed in 2010 with financial support of capital grants.

Overall expenses were down approximately \$379,000. Fuel purchases increased \$935,000 while other operating expenses (without regard to depreciation) declined by \$579,000. Financing costs were reduced by \$843,000. Depreciation of \$5.6 million accounted for 29% of Airport expenses.

Interest continues to be a major expense of the Airport. Interest expense was \$4 million in 2010. In July of 2009, the County refinanced the airport bonds paying down accreted interest and some outstanding debt to create the interest saving in 2010. Interest of \$849,000 was accrued as part of the accretion of the capital appreciation bonds and leases and \$2,568,867 was charged for the current interest bonds and other debt. Amortization of \$613,631 in other financing costs was also expensed in 2010.

The County continues to subsidize the Airport through operating transfers from other County funds. These transfers included cash of \$2,549,300 and costs of nearly 1,448,000 million paid on behalf of the Airport. These costs included ADA improvements of \$40,000, personnel benefit costs of \$280,000, insurance of \$593,000, and debt service of \$535,000.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

St. Clair County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the

unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of 2010, St. Clair County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of approximately \$160 million, an increase of \$209,000 from 2009 after a transfer of nearly \$4 million to the Airport. Approximately \$23 million (14%) constitutes an unrestricted unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is restricted, reserved, or designated to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to pay debt service, insurance costs and claims, or other restrictive purposes as designated by statute or management.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of St. Clair County. At the end of the current fiscal year, an unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the General Fund was \$23 million, while the total fund balance was \$51 million. The County has reserved \$7 million to fund certain County construction projects in 2011 and another \$17 million for working cash that approximates six months operating expenses. The remaining \$4 million is restricted for tort liability expenditures as required by state statute.

There was an increase of \$1.6 million in the fund balance of the General Fund. Revenues rose by nearly \$1.8 million and expenditures were reduced by approximately \$1.7 million; the General Fund made \$546,000 fewer transfers to other funds in 2010. Property taxes fell by \$178,000, while state income, personal property tax replacement, and sales tax grew by \$1.6 million. Revenues for licenses and fees went up \$346,000. Revenues from federal and state agencies decreased by \$118,000. Investment earnings were up a slight \$112,000.

The Transportation Fund had a fund balance of \$33 million at the end of 2010. This was down \$1,737,000 from 2009. Revenues and expenditures fluctuate from year to year due to construction projects and participation by federal, state, and other local units. Revenues declined more than \$3 million, most of which was from a state contribution on a highway project, while expenditures were down \$1.3 million. Transfers of \$3,466,000 were made to the debt service fund during the year to fund principal and interest payments on the outstanding 2005 highway construction bonds.

The Lease Payable fund balance decreased also by \$118,000. Property taxes increased \$16,000 while investment earnings decreased by \$33,000 and other revenues were down by \$24,000. Taxes are levied to fund capital lease payment requirements, operations, and maintenance on certain County owned property. Expenditures and transfers increased \$100,000.

The Debt Service Fund had little activity in 2010. Revenues, consisting primarily of investment earnings, declined by \$91,000. Debt service payments increased by \$1,545,000 and offset by the transfer-in for the Highway Revenue bonds.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary funds consist of both enterprise and internal service funds. St. Clair County's enterprise fund activity is the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning the finances have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

The internal service activities are comprised of employee medical and unemployment insurance activities. The net result from these activities was a net loss of \$2,528,000 compared to a loss of \$1,159,000 in 2009. Premiums charged were less by \$538,000 from 2009 while insurance premiums, claims and administrative costs raised \$798,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County uses the cash basis of accounting for budgeting purposes. This differs from the basis of accounting used in the funds' statements whereby uncollected revenues and unpaid expenses are not recognized in budget to actual reporting.

Actual revenues were lower than anticipated revenues by \$2.3 million. Property taxes were lower than budgeted by \$2,752,000. Investment earnings were \$5,000 less than expected. General licenses, fines and fees, revenues from other agencies and miscellaneous revenues were \$866,000 more. State income, personal property replacement, and sales taxes were less than expected by \$386,000.

As in prior years, the most significant variance in the General Fund is in general government expenditures. This difference of \$22 million relates predominantly in the Capital Replacement (\$15,748,000) and Tort (\$3,010,000) areas. The County budgeted the Capital Replacement Fund to fund possible Airport and jail expansions from fund balances. Self-insurance budgets anticipate possible risk exposures. Other general fund variances were minimal.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities at the end of 2010 was \$284,807,000, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment included land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, office equipment, roads, and bridges. It also includes the infrastructure of the Airport consisting of airfields, ramps, terminal, utility systems, roads and parking, service, and tenant facilities.

St. Clair County's Capital Assets

Net of Accumulated Depreciation (in thousands)

	GovernmentalActivities		Busine Activ	ss-type ⁄ities	Total		
	<u>2010</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	2009	2010	2009	
Land and improvements Buildings & support	\$ 10,508	\$ 10,468	\$ 43,484	\$ 43,550	\$ 53,992	\$ 54,018	
facilities	30,641	29,737	24,152	24,959	54,793	54,696	
Construction in progress	7,020	6,951	2,588	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,608	6,951	
Machinery and equipment Projects in progress	15,931 86	10,045	7,095	7,615	23,026	17,660	
Infrastructure-highway	61,658	7,102 57,574	- -	303	86 61,658	7,405 57,574	
Infrastructure-airport		-	76,326	79,676	76,326	79,676	
Infrastructure in progress	5,318	7,417	-	-	5,318	7,417	
Total	\$ 131,162	\$ 129,294	\$ 153,645	\$ 156,103	\$ 284,807	\$ 285,397	

As part of a five year plan to repair and upgrade many of the aging facilities and to extensively renovate space purchased at the end of 2005, the County expended in excess of \$2.8 million in 2010 as it neared completion of most of the planned renovations. Additional projects were added during 2010 related to improvements required by the Department of Justice under the ADA regulations. The County completed various projects including chiller/boiler replacements, exterior waterproofing, fire alarm/mass communication systems and office and courtroom renovations. Construction in progress at the end of 2010 was \$7 million and included remodeling and improvements costs for the various County buildings, jail, and park facilities. It also included \$1.5 million of extensive energy improvements to County buildings that are being funded by a \$2.3 million federal energy grant.

With the growth in the County, the Highway Department is constantly improving the road system. Major road improvements continued in 2010. Projects underway at the end of the year were \$5.3 million while the County completed \$6.8 million in road improvements.

The Airport made several investments in equipment and improvements during 2010 including renovations of \$2.6 million for a new tenant. Minor ADA building improvements were made while \$309,000 was spent for certain maintenance equipment. Runway improvements totaling \$515,000 started in 2009 were completed. Depreciation expense for 2010 was \$5.6 million.

Additional information on St. Clair County's capital assets can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

Long-term debt. St. Clair County's long-term debt was reduced by \$4,121,000 from 2009. At the end of the year, St. Clair County had outstanding long-term debt in the amount of \$89,880,000. Of the total, 70% of the debt was from the Airport activities.

St. Clair County's Long-term Obligations (in thousands)

	Govern			ss-type		
	Activ	ities	Activ	vities	Total	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Capital lease obligations	\$ 12,515	\$ 14,802	\$ 11,690	\$ 11.533	\$ 24,205	\$ 26.335
Revenue bonds	12,448	13,726	· · · · -	-	12,448	13,726
Certificates of					,	10,120
participation	* -	· _	685	1.000	685	1.000
General obligation bonds	-	. <u>.</u> .	44.562	43,791	44.562	43,791
Notes payable		_	_	1.155		1,155
Due to Public Building				.,		1,100
Commission	-	-	5,876	5.738	5.876	5.738
Rent credits	563	751	, <u>-</u>		563	751
Insurance claims	1,541	1,505	-	_	1.541	1.505
Total	\$ 27,067	\$ 30,784	\$ 62,813	\$ 63,217	\$ 89,880	\$ 94,001

Governmental Activities

Long-term obligations for governmental activities decreased by \$3,717,000, stemming in large part to the increased principal payments. The estimated long-term insurance

claims increased by \$36,000. Rent credits continue to be amortized through 2013. The Lease Payable fund is servicing capital lease obligation debt for County office buildings, animal control facilities, and public safety facilities. Principal reductions of \$2,550,000 were offset by interest accretion of \$263,000. Highway funds were used to make principal payments of \$1,245,000 on Highway revenue bonds reducing the recorded debt by \$1,278,090 after amortization charges. Changes are discussed in more detail in the notes to the financial statements.

Business-type Activities

The majority (70%) of the debt of the County relates to the Airport activities The Airport made principal payments of \$315,000 on its certificates of participation debt and \$1,155,000 on its outstanding note payable. In July of 2009, the County refinanced certain airport bonds to reduce the future debt service requirements and take advantage of lower interest rates being offered. There was no principal payment made in 2010 on the new current interest bonds. Accretion of interest on the general obligation capital appreciation bonds was \$157,000 with net amortization costs of \$614,000. Certain capital lease obligations were reduced by \$535,000 (funded by the Lease Payable Fund); however, interest accretion resulted in a net increase in lease obligations by nearly \$157,000. The Public Building Commission advanced the Airport operating funds in the amount of \$139,000 in 2010.

Additional information on St. Clair County's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Reductions in the assessed valuation are anticipated as the economy continues to slow.
- Growth at Scott Air Force Base has increased the need for changes in government facilities and infrastructure.
- Investment earnings are not likely to increase in the near future.
- Retirement rates for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund will increase again in 2011 and significant increases are anticipated for 2012.
- Public safety salaries and benefit costs continue to rise significantly.
- Tort insurance rates have stabilized however medical costs continue to rise and the effect of the federal healthcare plan is still unclear.
- State of Illinois budget deficits are affecting state funding.
- The airline industry continues to be slow for both passenger and cargo activity.

These factors were considered in preparing St. Clair County's budget for 2011.

The unreserved fund balance of the County has been sufficient to weather the economic down turn of the past several years. With little improvement in the economy, management anticipates that the County will be able to maintain most services for the near term while maintaining the current property tax rates. However, it is anticipated that the County will need to make budgetary cuts and that general fund balances will continue to help finance Airport operations in the near future.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of St. Clair County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to St. Clair County Auditor's Office, 10 Public Square, Belleville, Illinois 62220.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 4,027,385	\$ 304,458	\$ 4,331,843
Equity in cash and investment pool	158,474,453	2,695,423	161,169,876
Funds held in trust	-	28,763	28,763
Accounts receivable	11,485,144	164,462	11,649,606
Taxes receivable (net)	33,625,065		33,625,065
Interest receivable	215,542	6,759	222,301
Internal balances	2,303,973	(2,303,973)	
Inventory	284,189	405,285	689,474
Prepaid expenditures	1,465,728		1,465,728
Total current assets	211,881,479	1,301,177	213,182,656
Restricted assets			
Equity in cash and investment pool		0.40.000	
Funds held in trust		246,962	246,962
Interest receivable		3,935,537	3,935,537
Deposits	-	32,579	32,579
•		62	62
Total restricted assets	<u> </u>	4,215,140	4,215,140
Noncurrent assets			
Advances to Public Building Commission	232,654		232,654
Fixed assets	131,161,812	153,644,833	284,806,645
Total noncurrent assets	<u>131,394,466</u>	153,644,833	285,039,299
Total assets	343,275,945	159,161,150	502,437,095

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Net Assets (continued) December 31, 2010

	Activities BILITIES ent liabilities counts payable \$ 3,127,372 \$ crued salaries \$ 2,002,149 crued payroll related costs crued interest \$ 339,905		usiness-type Activities	Total		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	3,127,372	\$	316,528	\$	3,443,900
Accrued salaries				56,989	·	2,059,138
Accrued payroll related costs				86,925		3,721,565
Accrued interest		339,905		636,198		976,103
Funds held in escrow		916,192		16,986		933,178
Insurance claims		3,311,626		-		3,311,626
Deferred income, taxes and related fees		34,571,760		-		34,571,760
Revenue bonds-current		1,295,000		-		1,295,000
Certificates of participation - current		-		335,000		335,000
Obligations under capital lease - current		2,560,000		540,000		3,100,000
Rent credits - current		204,010				204,010
Total current liabilites		51,962,654	-	1,988,626		53,951,280
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due to Public Building Commission				5,876,611		5,876,611
General obligation bonds payable		-		44,561,952		44,561,952
Revenue bonds		11,153,221		-		11,153,221
Certificates of participation		, . -		350,000		350,000
Obligations under capital lease		9,954,560		11,149,796		21,104,356
Rent credits		359,379		· _		359,379
Insurance claims		1,540,500		-		1,540,500
Total noncurrent liabilites		23,007,660		61,938,359		84,946,019
Total liabilities		74,970,314		63,926,985		138,897,299
NET ASSETS						
Net assets invested in capital assets -						
net of related debt		107,296,886		107,043,726		214,340,612
Restricted net assets		91,241,360		-		91,241,360
Unrestricted net assets		69,767,385		(11,809,561)		57,957,824
Total net assets	\$ 2	268,305,631	\$	95,234,165	\$	363,539,796

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2010

		Р	rogram Revenue	es	Ne	et (Expense) Reve	nue	
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	and Changes in Net Assets			
		Goods and	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Function/Programs		,					- Total	
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 21,450,750	\$ 8,533,133	\$ 1,940,823	\$1,535,243	\$ (9,441,551)	\$ -	\$ (9,441,551)	
Public safety	33,139,095	6,251,018	3,323,960	22,934	(23,541,183)		(23,541,183)	
Judicial	11,696,732	8,488,729	1,075,554	· -	(2,132,449)	<u>-</u>	(2,132,449)	
Transportation	10,805,360	173,595	5,056,400	1,871,425	(3,703,940)	·	(3,703,940)	
Public health	14,034,566	1,895,253	7,345,533	-	(4,793,780)		(4,793,780)	
Unallocated interest	801,876	<u> </u>	-	-	(801,876)	_	(801,876)	
Total governmental activities	91,928,379	25,341,728	18,742,270	3,429,602	(44,414,779)		(44,414,779)	
Business-type activities					e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			
Airport	18,796,816	3,165,932	3,042,979	388,447	-	(12,199,458)	(12,199,458)	
Total	\$110,725,195	\$28,507,660	\$21,785,249	\$3,818,049	(44,414,779)	(12,199,458)	(56,614,237)	
		General reven	uec.					
		Taxes	403					
		Property to			33,600,970	_	33,600,970	
		Sales taxe			8,593,633		8,593,633	
			roperty replacer	nent tax	2,542,983	· -	2,542,983	
		State inco			4,380,405	-	4,380,405	
		Hotel/mote			14,204	<u>-</u>	14,204	
		Pari-mutua			113,669	•	113,669	
			investment earn	ings	1,924,306	156,848	2,081,154	
		Miscellaneou			16,327	-	16,327	
			n disposal of as	sets	13,504	-	13,504	
		Transfers			(3,997,218)	3,997,218	-	
		Total ge	neral revenues a	ind transfers	47,202,783	4,154,066	51,356,849	
		Chang	je in net assets		2,788,004	(8,045,392)	(5,257,388)	
		Net assets - be	ginning		265,517,627	103,279,557	368,797,184	
		Net assets - er	nding		\$ 268,305,631	\$ 95,234,165	\$ 363,539,796	

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

	General	Transportation Fund	Lease Payable Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash Equity in cash	\$ 2,800,812	\$ 667	\$ 303	\$ -	\$ 1,225,578	\$ 4,027,360
and investment pool	46,240,846	33,918,206	8,599,464	22,492,499	42,645,124	153,896,139
Accounts receivable	3,529,847	300,807	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,	3,432,651	7,263,305
Taxes receivable	8,325,578	4,966,005	9,051,774	-	11,281,708	33,625,065
Interest receivable	65,072	45,523	12,280	27,967	55,943	206,785
Internal balances	2,881,849	112,771	ا ا	-	706,049	3,700,669
Prepaid expenditures	1,281,809	-	164,250	-	19,669	1,465,728
Advance to Public Building				* .	,	1,100,120
Commission	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	232,654	<u> </u>		232,654
	\$ 65,125,813	\$ 39,343,979	\$ 18,060,725	\$ 22,520,466	\$ 59,366,722	\$ 204,417,705
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	CE					
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,029,114	\$ 1,011,699	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,086,559	\$ 3,127,372
Accrued salaries	1,373,245	122,783	_	· •	500,447	1,996,475
Accrued payroll related costs	-	_	- · · · -		476,369	476,369
Internal balances	408,528		_	<u>.</u>	987,075	1,395,603
Funds held in escrow	916,192		_	-	-	916,192
Other liabilities	1,906,263	· -		•	·	1,906,263
Deferred income	8,619,920	4,966,005	9,051,774	<u> </u>	11,887,085	34,524,784
Total liabilities	14,253,262	6,100,487	9,051,774	-	14,937,535	44,343,058
Fund balances						
Restricted Unrestricted	3,819,128	33,243,492	9,008,951	2,047,202	44,429,187	92,547,960
Reserved	24,469,036	· 	· -	under de la companya	· .	24,469,036
Designated for debt service	•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,473,264		20,473,264
Unreserved	22,584,387	<u> </u>	_		<u> </u>	22,584,387
Total fund balances	50,872,551	33,243,492	9,008,951	22,520,466	44,429,187	160,074,647
Total liabilities and		1	, 			
fund balances	\$ 65,125,813	\$ 39,343,979	\$ 18,060,725	\$ 22,520,466	\$ 59,366,722	\$ 204,417,705

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2010

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 160,074,647
Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:	
Inventories reported under the purchase method for the funds statements have been recognized under the consumption method for government-wide reporting.	284,189
Receivables and funds held in trust applicable to the County's governmental activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as receivables in the funds.	
receivables in the fullos.	3,995,121
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Land and buildings, net of accumulated depreciation \$ 36,009,450	
Machinery and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation 15,931,151 Infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation 72,115,733	
Construction and projects in process 7,105,478 Total capital assets	131,161,812
Internal service funds are used by the County to account for the financing of employee medical benefits and unemployment benefits provided to the other County departments or agencies, generally on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and liabilities of the internal services funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets. Internal service funds net assets are:	3,326,964
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund	
liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net assets.	
Balances at December 31, 2010 are: Rent credits \$ (563,389) Insurance claims (1,540,500)	
Compensated absences (3,130,527) Accrued interest on debt (339,905)	
Capital leases (12,514,560) Bonds payable (12,448,221)	
Total long-term liabilities	(30,537,102)
Total net assets of governmental activities	\$ 268,305,631

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

	General	Transportation Fund	Lease Payable Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 8,330,700	\$ 4,962,597	\$ 9,040,531	\$ 86	\$ 11,267,056	\$ 33,600,970
Revenue from federal/state agencies	1,058,406	,	•	_	8,804,352	9,862,758
Earnings on investments	1,337,252	177,467	46,808	107,960	218,914	1,888,401
Licenses, permits, fines, fees	, ,	,	3.			.,,
and services	13,922,425	20,410		÷ .	7,872,110	21,814,945
State income tax	4,687,652	•	/ 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		· · ·	4,687,652
Personal property replacement tax	2,542,983	· -,			-	2,542,983
Revenue from local agencies	360,701	425,520	20,410		2,984,492	3,791,123
Sales tax	8,560,865			÷	<u>-</u>	8,560,865
Motor fuel tax	· · ·	5,056,400		· -		5,056,400
Hotel/motel tax	-			-	14,204	14,204
Pari-mutual tax	113,669	<u>-</u> ·	-			113,669
Miscellaneous revenues	18,264		<u> </u>	_	11,544	29,808
	40,932,917	10,642,394	9,107,749	108,046	31,172,672	91,963,778
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	17,562,361		4,400,026		10 666 002	20 600 470
		•	4,400,020		10,666,083	32,628,470
Public safety Judicial	12,522,941 4,907,404	·	• · · · · ·	• •	8,260,431	20,783,372
Transportation	4,907,404	3,915,086	-	. - ,	2,155,346	7,062,750 3,915,086
Public health	71,934	3,913,000	· .		10,863,752	10,935,686
Capital outlay	71,354			·	10,003,732	10,933,000
General government	12,219		1,253,588	_	16,320	1,282,127
Public safety	598,389		1,200,000	. [541,386	1,139,775
Judicial	-	· .		_	27,401	27,401
Transportation		4,998,521			27,401	4,998,521
Debt service		1,000,021				4,000,021
General government	·-	· · · <u>-</u> · ·	3,036,863		<u>.</u>	3,036,863
Public safety	<u>.</u>	. <u>-</u> ì	-	<u>. 2</u>	77,125	77,125
Transportation			-	1,870,400		1,870,400
	35,675,248	8,913,607	8,690,477	1,870,400	32,607,844	87,757,576
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	5,257,669	1,728,787	417,272	(1,762,354)	(1,435,172)	4,206,202
041						
Other financing sources (uses):	400.050			0.405.050	505.000	4 400 000
Operating transfers out	138,050	(2.465.650)	(E3E 000)	3,465,650	595,332	4,199,032
Operating transfers-out	(3,831,135)	(3,465,650)	(535,000)		(364,465)	(8,196,250)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,693,085)	(3,465,650)	(535,000)	3,465,650	230,867	(3,997,218)
Net changes in fund balances	1,564,584	(1,736,863)	(117,728)	1,703,296	(1,204,305)	208,984
Beginning fund balances	49,307,967	34,980,355	9,126,679	20,817,170	45,633,492	159,865,663
Ending fund balances	\$ 50,872,551	\$ 33,243,492	\$ 9,008,951	\$ 22,520,466	\$ 44,429,187	\$ 160,074,647

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2010

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	208,984
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		,	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures and proceeds from disposals as miscellaneous revenue. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets, which meet capitalization requirements, is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense and gains and losses		•	
are reported on disposals. Capital outlay expenditures capitalized			
Land, buildings, and equipment Infrastructure	4,245,401 4,715,274		8,960,675
Depreciation expense in the current period Land, buildings, and equipment Infrastructure Net effect of disposal transactions	4,403,484) 2,708,033)		(7,111,517) 18,773
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial			
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in accounts receivable			(41,851)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.			
Principal payments on capital lease obligations Amortization of bond costs and premiums Accreted interest on capital lease obligations Principal payments on bonds Change in accrued interest	2,550,000 33,090 (262,583) 1,245,000 25,817		
Amortization of rent credits	187,901		3,779,225
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Change in long-term insurance claims Change in compensated absences			(35,945) (384,779)
Net change in inventories reported under the purchase method for the fund statements have been recognized under the consumption method for government-wide reporting.			(100,585)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain insurance activities to individual funds. The net revenue of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities			(2,504,976)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities		<u> </u>	2,788,004
		<u>*</u>	2,100,004

See Note 9 for further explanation of reclassifications and adjustments.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds December 31, 2010

	Business-type Governmental Activities Activities
	Enterprise Fund Internal
	MidAmerica Service
	St. Louis Airport Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash	\$ 304,458 \$ 25
Equity in cash and investment pool	2,695,423 4,578,314
Funds held in trust	28,763 -
Accounts receivable	164,460 256,186
Interest receivable	6,759 8,757
Internal balances	(2,303,973) 6,970
Inventory	405,287
Total current assets	1,301,177 4,850,252
Restricted assets	
Equity in investment pool	246,962 -
Funds held in trust	3,935,537 -
Interest receivable	32,579
Deposits	62 -
Total restricted assets	4,215,140
Noncurrent assets	
Capital assets	153,644,833
Total assets	159,161,150 4,850,252
LIADUITIES	
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	316,528
Accrued salaries	56,989 5,674
Accrued payroll related costs	86,925 27,744
Accrued interest	636,198 -
Internal balances	- 11,695
Other liabilities	- 1,405,363
Deferred income	- 76,444
Funds held in escrow	16,986
Certificates of participation - current	335,000 -
Obligations under capital lease - current	540,000
Total current liabilities	1,988,626 1,526,920

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds (continued) December 31, 2010

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund MidAmerica St. Louis Airport	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Noncurrent liabilities		
Due to Public Building Commission	\$ 5,876,611	\$ -
General obligation bonds payable	44,561,952	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Certificates of participation	350,000	· •
Obligations under capital lease	11,149,796	<u> </u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	61,938,359	
Total liabilities	63,926,985	1,526,920
NET ASSETS		
Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt	107,043,726	
Unrestricted net assets	(11,805,929)	3,323,332
Total net assets	95,237,797	\$ 3,323,332
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to the enterprise fund	(3,632)	
Net assets of business-type activities	\$ 95,234,165	

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Fund	Internal
	MidAmerica	Service
	St. Louis Airport	Funds
CHARGES FOR GOODS AND SERVICES		
Landing fees and terminal area use charges (less		
discounts of \$6,994)	\$ 51,299	\$ -
Rents, concessions and other services	87,444	
Other	8,224	3,803
Fuel sales (less costs of \$2,286,070)	303,129	
Insurance premiums	-	9,062,337
Total operating revenues	450,096	9,066,140
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Operating expenses	6,755,263	461,260
Insurance claims and premiums	-	10,880,520
Post-employment benefit contribution		289,172
Depreciation and amortization	5,626,381	
Total operating expenses	12,381,644	11,630,952
Operating income (loss)	(11,931,548)	(2,564,812)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		•
Investment earnings	156,848	36,460
Interest expense	(4,031,217)	
Intergovernmental revenues	3,042,979	<u></u>
Land leases (net of expenses)	355,257	-
Total nonoperating expenses	(476,133)	36,460
Net income (loss)	(12,407,681)	(2,528,352)
Transfers-in	3,997,218	•
Capital contributions	388,447	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Change in net assets	(8,022,016)	(2,528,352)
Net assets - beginning of year	102.250.042	E 054 004
	103,259,813	5,851,684
Net assets - end of year	95,237,797	\$ 3,323,332
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund		
activities related to the enterprise fund	(3,632)	
Net assets - business-type activities	\$ 95,234,165	

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund MidAmerica St. Louis Airport	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Payments from customers Payments from interfund services provided Payments to vendors Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,733,524 (4,219,757) (858,487) (2,344,720)	\$ 1,337,448 7,666,303 (11,101,600) (146,914) (2,244,763)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayments to affiliates Note payments Transfers from general fund Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(13,360) (1,155,000) 2,549,300 1,380,940	- - - -
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACT Principal paid on certificates of participation Capital grant contributions Interest paid Passenger facility charges Equipment expenditures	(315,000) 633,745 (2,597,109) 367 (675,292)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(2,953,289)	<u> </u>
Investment interest Redemption of investments Non-aeronautical leases Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	852 3,698,392 346,582 4,045,826	39,683 2,205,080
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	128,757	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	175,701	25
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 304,458	\$ 25

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Fund	Internal
	MidAmerica	Service
	St. Louis Airport	Funds
DECONOR INTION OF OPEN ATIVE MESSAGE		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH		
PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (11,931,548)	\$ (2,564,812)
Adjustments to reconcile		
Depreciation and amortization	5,626,381	· .
Operating costs paid by capital contributions	3,627,817	•
Operating costs paid by operating grants	205,309	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(8,057)	(204,196)
Decrease (increase) in inventory	(20,251)	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenditures	30,860	-
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds	-	(963)
Increase (decrease) in advance to Public Building		
Commission	68,634	•
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	23,840	<u>-</u>
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and related costs	35,218	(107,311)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	_	654,663
Increase (decrease) in funds held in escrow	(868)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred income	(2,055)	(23,797)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(2,000)	1,653
	Φ (0.044.700)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (2,344,720)	\$ (2,244,763)
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIV	(ITIE0	
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIV	/ITIES	
Interest accreted on bonds and leases (net of amortization)	\$ 1,462,350	\$ -
Capital contributions		
Capital assets	122,770	
Capital lease principal and interest	574,778	_
Capital grants	388,452	
Construction payments made by the Public Building Commission		
for the Airport	70,121	
Construction payments made by the General Fund	,	
for the Airport	2,438,958	_
Decrease in market value of investments	1,200	300
	1,200	300

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2010

Agency Hea	Trust
ASSETS	
Cash \$ 3,225,856 \$	-
Investments 1,357,141	897,130
Equity in cash and investment pool 5,040,650	289,982
Accounts receivable 1,474,574	_
Interest receivable 11,288	3,489
Total assets11,109,509	1,190,601
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable 45,990	_
Due to taxing districts 492,412	· ·
Held pending protested tax settlement 2,600,365	_
Funds held in escrow 7,970,742	<u> </u>
Total liabilities 11,109,509	_
NET ASSETS	
Held in trust for OPEB \$ _ \$	1,190,601

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Post- Employmen Health Insurar Trust	
ADDITIONS Contributions Employer	\$ 289,17	 '2
Total contributions	289,17	_ '2
Investment income Interest, dividends and other investment earnings Net appreciation in fair value of assets	15,73 40,37	
Total investment earnings	56,10	
Less investment expense	5,51	8
Net investment earnings	50,58	<u>5</u>
Total additions DEDUCTIONS	339,75	7
Benefits	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
Total deductions		_
Change in net assets	339,75	<u>7</u> .
Net assets held in trust for OPEB. January 1, 2010 Net assets held in trust for OPEB. December 31, 2010	850,844 \$ 1,190,60	-
	Ψ 1,100,00	_

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2010

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

Reporting Entity

Management, in determining what potential component entities should be included for financial reporting purposes, considered accountability for fiscal matters other manifestations of oversight responsibility, scope of public service, and special financing relationships. Fiscal accountability, the most significant of all the criteria, refers to conditions of financial interdependency between two entities including budgetary adoption, taxing authority, responsibility for debt, and control over or responsibility for financial management. Other manifestations of oversight responsibility encompass the ability to select governing authority, designate management or significantly influence operations. The scope of public service evaluates the benefits derived in terms of the citizenry served or the geographic boundaries included.

Based upon these criteria, the Public Building Commission, the Intergovernmental Grants Department, and the Flood Prevention District are component units and should be included as part of the government-wide financial statements of St. Clair County (the County). The County has elected to issue separate audited financial statements on those entities and those statements may be obtained at the County Board Office. A summary of financial information for the year for the Public Building Commission, the Intergovernmental Grants Department and the Flood Prevention District have been provided in footnotes 14, 15 and 16, respectively.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of St. Clair County. Government activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which would generally rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain expenses recorded as general government expenses in the funds' statements have been reclassified and allocated in the government-wide statement of activities by function. These include, among others, certain employee benefit costs and insurance. As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements but not necessarily on the fund financial statements.

Amounts recorded as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

St. Clair County has established a number of funds for the purpose of accounting for its financial transactions. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other resources together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or obtaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The various funds used by the County are categorized as follows for presentation in the financial statements:

Governmental Funds

- General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources which are designated to finance specific functions or activities of the County.
- Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest not accounted for in another fund.

Proprietary Funds

- Internal Service Funds account for the financing of the medical self-insurance and the unemployment insurance programs provided by a department on a costreimbursement basis. Other services provided on a similar basis are recorded in the general fund.
- The Enterprise Fund accounts for the operation of the MidAmerica St. Louis Airport. These operations are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises.

Fiduciary Funds

- Agency Funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individual private organizations, other governmental units or other funds.
- Other post-employment benefits trust accounts for the activities of the Post-Employment Health Trust Fund which accumulates the resources for postemployment health benefits for qualified retirees.

St. Clair County reports the following major governmental funds:

General fund (as described above)

Transportation fund. This fund accounts for the various revenues and expenditures related to the highway transportation system including, but not limited to, repairs, maintenance and construction.

Lease payable fund. This fund accounts for the property tax revenues required to make capital lease payments on County land and buildings used in the operations of County business.

Debt service fund. This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation of governmental funds and funds reserved for enterprise fund long-term obligations.

St. Clair County reports the following major proprietary fund:

MidAmerica St. Louis Airport fund (as described above)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The general accounting records for the various funds of St. Clair County are maintained substantially on a cash basis. Revenues are recorded when cash is received and expenditures are recorded when cash payments are made, which is consistent with the County's basis for budgeting. However, the accounting principles used to present the financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental entities.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied and available to liquidate liabilities. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, however, property taxes collected after 60 days have been reported as deferred revenue. Fine and fee revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims

and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, investment earnings, and farm land leases, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. St. Clair County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

<u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as they relate to governmental entities requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary information

The County prepares an annual operating budget for revenues and expenditures on the modified cash basis. The County Board approves the budget. Appropriations are made on a detail line-item basis and lapse at year-end. Any adjustments to the budget or transfers between funds require County Board approval. The general fund, special revenue funds, the enterprise fund, and debt service funds are budgeted. Agency funds and the internal service funds are included in the budgetary process for purposes of estimation rather than budgetary controls.

Budgets are for the calendar year and include various Highway funds that are budgeted by project, although they lapse at year-end and require reappropriation in the ensuing years. Budgets for the enterprise fund and grant funds are flexible and are generally dependent on the funding sources.

Encumbrances are defined as commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services that may be charged against an appropriation in the period of the commitment. The appropriated funds utilize encumbrance accounting. However, appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year-end and, therefore, there is no reserve for encumbered balances.

Deposits and investments

The County maintains and controls a cash and investment pool in which the primary government's funds share. Each fund's portion of the pool is displayed on its balance sheet as "Equity in cash and investment pool." In addition, non-pooled cash and investments are separately held and reflected in their respective funds as "Cash" and "Investments." Investments are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, interest-bearing deposit accounts, certain money market mutual funds, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. Investments of the Post-Employment Health Insurance Trust are also invested in certain equity securities as allowed by statutes covering retirement funds.

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, only non-invested cash is considered cash and cash equivalents.

Receivable and payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Management has provided an allowance based on amounts recorded at year-end for the enterprise fund that may be uncollectible using the specific write-off method.

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are levied one year in arrears. Accordingly, property tax revenues are accrued. However, property taxes are recognized as revenue when collected based on the intent of the County to use the revenue to finance operations of the following year. The 2009 property taxes were payable on July 14, 2010 and September 8, 2010 and recognized as revenue in 2010.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "Due to/from other funds" as well as other outstanding balances between funds. Long-term borrowings between funds not expected to be repaid in the foreseeable future have been eliminated and recorded as transfers. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "Internal balances."

Inventories and prepaid items

Office supply room inventories and highway supply inventories at year-end have been recorded at cost using the first-in, first-out method in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses the purchase method for inventory whereby the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the inventory is purchased rather than consumed in the governmental funds' statements.

The enterprise fund records inventories of supplies and certain fuels held for resale and recognizes them as expenses when consumed or sold. These inventories are recorded at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

Prepaid expenditures represent insurance costs and rents that have been prepaid for the next year and will be recognized as expenses in the subsequent year. Prepaid expenditures are generally offset by a fund balance reserve account that indicates that they do not constitute "available, spendable resources" in the governmental fund financial statements. Prepaid insurance costs and rents are included in restricted net assets.

Capital assets

Capital assets, property, equipment, infrastructure assets (i.e., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items acquired after June 30, 1980), are recorded in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Expenditures for the acquisition, construction or equipping of capital projects, together with related design, architectural and engineering fees, are capitalized. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The costs of capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the acquiring fund at the time of purchase and any proceeds from sales are recorded as receipts at the time of disposal in the governmental funds' statements for governmental activities.

All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair value in the year received. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The County capitalizes highway infrastructure additions or improvements of \$100,000 per road mile.

The provision for depreciation on facilities is provided on a straight-line basis. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Water drainage and sewer system
Runways, aprons, taxiways and paved road
Highway infrastructure
Buildings and improvements
Electrical system
Equipment
Office equipment

30-50 years
30 years
20-40 years
20-40 years
25 years
5-20 years
3-10 years

Bond issuance costs and capitalized interest

Bond issuance costs and bond discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt, except in the case of refunding debt transactions where the amortized period is over the term of the refunding or refunded debt, whichever is shorter. Bond issuance costs for the initial land acquisitions and construction were allocated to a project cost. These costs are being amortized over the depreciable life of the related assets on a straight-line basis.

Interest expense, offset by interest earned on construction bond proceeds, during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed and is being amortized over the depreciable life of the related assets on a straight-line basis.

Compensated absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits, however these amounts may be limited. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the government does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or as part of annual settlements under union contracts.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statements of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable premiums, discounts or issuance costs and amortized over the term of the debt.

Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report restrictions or reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use the restricted funds first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

2. Cash deposits and investments

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Earnings from the pooled accounts are allocated monthly to each participating fund based on a formula that takes into consideration each fund's average daily balance in the pool. Some agency fund accounts are controlled by other officeholders as custodians and are not included in the pool. All cash and investments, including pooled and fiduciary accounts are as follows:

	Government- wide Statement of Net Assets	Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets	Total
Cash Investments Pooled cash and investments	\$ 4,331,843 - 161,416,838	\$ 3,225,856 2,254,271 5,330,632	\$ 7,557,699 2,254,271 166,747,470
	\$ 165,748,681	\$ 10,810,759	\$ 176,559,440

Of the total cash and investments, cash deposits are \$19,831,151 while investments account for \$156,728,289 of the total. Investments, pooled and non-pooled, held by the County are summarized below:

	Fair Value	Maturity
Certificates of deposit - non-negotiable Certificates of deposit - non-negotiable Repurchase agreements Money markets Investments held by brokers/dealers:	\$ 62,318,067 717,081 1,035,000 532,691	0 – 6 mos 6 – 12 mos current current
Certificates of deposit - negotiable Certificates of deposit - negotiable Certificates of deposit - negotiable Money market Money market - government funds U.S. Government obligations	6,881,697 3,169,047 2,660,987 54,025 543,992 33,298,625	0 – 6 mos 6 – 12 mos 1 – 3 years current current 0 – 6 mos
U.S. Government obligations U.S. Government obligations U.S. Government obligations TLGB bonds Investments in Illinois Funds Investment Pool	10,453,590 3,210,333 22,120,999 2,955,992 5,878,833 \$ 155,830,959	6 – 12 mos 1 – 3 years 3 – 5 years 1 – 3 years current
Restricted investments U.S. Government obligations U.S. Government obligations U.S. Treasury mutual fund Equity securities Mutual funds International equities	25,086 373,195 136,397 342,995 14,444 5,213 \$ 897,330	1 – 3 years 3 – 5 years current current current current

Interest rate risk: The County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the amount of its portfolio in long-term maturities based on market conditions and cash flow needs. There is no formal policy that requires a specific stratification of investment maturities within the portfolio.

Credit risk: Statutes impose various restrictions on deposits and investments. The County generally invests in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government obligations, repurchase agreements, money market accounts, the Illinois Funds Investment Pool and certain commercial paper in accordance with state statutes. Investment in corporate obligations must mature within 180 days of purchase and be rated within the top 3 classifications of two of the standard rating services. Accounts held by brokers/dealers in money markets not backed by government securities and mutual funds are nominal. The investment in the Illinois Funds Investment Pool is an external investment pool that is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is controlled by the Illinois State Treasurer.

Concentration of credit risk: The County places no limit on the amount invested in any one issuer other than those imposed by state statutes. Other than investments in securities and the Illinois Funds Investment Pool, the County's more significant investments in certificates of deposit were with the following institutions: \$ 15,873,815 in Bank of Edwardsville, \$17,068,098 in Citizen's Bank, and \$9,184,731 in Bank of O'Fallon,

Custodial credit risk-deposits: In the case of deposits, including non-negotiable certificates of deposit, the County minimizes its risks that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all monies deposited in banks and savings and loans that exceed 75% of the capital stock and surplus of such institution shall be collateralized by specific securities. However, the County generally requires collateral on all deposits over FDIC or SIPC coverage. The pledging financial institution's trust department or the Federal Reserve holds the collateral. At December 31, 2010, \$414,998 of the County's bank balances of \$104,199,365 were uninsured and uncollateralized by specific securities or letters of credit.

It is the County's policy generally to hold investments until maturity; accordingly there are no realized gains or losses recognized.

3. Receivables

Account receivable consists of the following:

Governmental funds				
Sales, income, motor fuel & o	ther tax revenue			4,914,986
Service and fee revenues	•			1,823,976
Other				568,203
Grant and intergovernmental i	revenues			4,094,179
Related parties				83,800
				\$ 11,485,144
Airport				
Trade receivables		* .		\$ 145,527
Other				18,935
		•		\$ 164,462

The Airport uses the direct write-off method for uncollectible amounts. During 2010, there were no write-offs.

Property taxes are collected one year in arrears. Although levied in 2010, property taxes are collected in mid-2011. Accordingly property taxes are reported as deferred revenue because they are not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period nor are they intended to do so. Property taxes receivable are as follows:

Current and delinquent taxes	\$	33,761,096
Less allowance for uncollectible amounts		136,031
Net taxes receivables	\$	33,625,065

4. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for 2010 was as follows:

	activities

Sovernmental activities		The state of the s		
	January 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2010
Assets not being depreciated		raditions		2010
Land	\$ 5,350,775	\$ 17,360	\$ -	\$ 5,368,135
Construction in progress	6,950,441	2,676,562	2,607,314	7,019,689
Projects in progress Infrastructure	7,102,426	337,816	7,354,453	85,789
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 447 000	4 000 000		
Construction in progress	7,417,398	4,692,669	6,791,933	5,318,134
Land	5,117,443	22,730	-	5,140,173
	31,938,483	7,747,137	16,753,700	22,931,920
Assets being depreciated				
Buildings	65,133,066	2,743,806	<u>.</u>	67,876,872
Equipment, furniture, and				
vehicles	22,702,426	8,476,159	165,494	31,013,091
Infrastructure				0.,0.0,00
Road system	89,197,752	6,791,810	_	95,989,562
	177,033,244	18,011,775	165,494	194,879,525
Total capital assets	208,971,727	25,758,912	16,919,194	217,811,445
Less: accumulated depreciatio	n for:			
Buildings	35,396,288	1,839,269		27 025 557
Equipment, furniture and	33,390,200	1,039,209		37,235,557
Vehicles	12,657,455	2,564,214	139,729	15,081,940
Infrastructure	31,624,103	2,708,033	100,720	34,332,136
	79,677,846	7,111,516	139,729	86,649,633
Government activity capital	10,011,040	7,111,010	100,129	00,049,033
assets, net	\$129,293,881	\$18,647,396	\$16,779,465	\$ 131,161,812

Land and buildings totaling \$43,903,107 are held under capital lease and accumulated depreciation on these assets amounted to \$30,513,729 at December 31, 2010. Depreciation charged to governmental activities during the period was as follows:

General government		\$ 1,355,682
Judicial		453,040
Transportation		2,917,342
Public safety		2,235,578
Public health		149,874
		\$ 7,111,516

Business-type activities - MidAmerica St. Louis Airport

	January 1, 2010	Additions	Deletions	December 31, 2010
Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 42,993,088	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,993,088
Construction in				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
progress	303,076	2,557,200	272,487	2,587,787
	43,296,164	2,557,200	272,487	45,580,875
Assets being depreciated:				
Airfields	89,640,379	515,201		90,155,580
Land improvements	740,435	·	-	740,435
Ramps and aprons	17,373,841	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		17,373,841
Passenger terminal	18,224,034		<u>-</u>	18,224,034
Cargo terminal	7,490,580	39,778	• 1	7,530,358
Utilities	9,032,848	•	·	9,032,848
Roads and parking	6,862,822	-	÷	6,862,822
Support facilities	5,924,398	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5,924,398
Tenant facilities	1,002,179	19,335	v 1	1,021,514
Equipment	13,322,710	309,143	-	13,631,853
	169,614,226	883,457	-	170,497,683
Total capital assets	212,910,390	3,440,657	272,487	216,078,558
Less: Accumulated			,	,,,,,,,,,
depreciation	56,807,344	5,626,381		62,433,725
Business-type activity				
capital assets, net	\$ 156,103,046	\$ (2,185,724)	\$ 272,487	\$ 153,644,833

Depreciation charged to operations was \$5,626,381 for 2010. Land of \$17,529,127 and equipment totaling \$3,966,645 are held under capital lease and accumulated depreciation on these assets amounted to \$1,996,305.

5. Interfund receivables, payables, and transfers

Interfund balances have resulted from short-term borrowings and interfund charges not yet reimbursed as of the end of the reporting period. The composition of interfund balances at December 31, 2010, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Non-major governmental funds	\$ 571,465
General Fund	Internal Service funds	10,043
General Fund	MidAmerica St. Louis Airport	2,300,341
Transportation Fund	General Fund	111,543
Transportation Fund	Non-major governmental funds	1,228
Non-major governmental Funds	Non-major governmental funds	409,514
Non-major governmental Funds	General Fund	294,883
Non-major governmental Funds	Internal Service funds	1,652
		3,700,669
Internal Service funds	General Fund	2,102
Internal Service funds	Non-major governmental funds	4,868
		\$ 3,707,639

Advances to other funds made in prior and current years where the timing of repayment is not determinable have been eliminated and not reported on the face of the financial statements. The amounts that have been eliminated are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	MidAmerica St. Louis Airport		\$ 40,404,747
	Debt Service Fund	_	18,262,270
			\$ 58,667,017

Transfers between governmental funds include, but not limited to, County match for various grant programs and debt service funding.

Interfund transfers consist of the following:

Transfers-out	<u>Transfers-in</u>	Governmental Funds	Business-type Funds		
General fund	MidAmerica St. Louis Airport	\$ -	\$ 3,305,908		
	Non-major governmental funds	525,228	-		
Transportation fund	Debt Service fund	3,465,650	-		
Lease payable Non-major governmental	MidAmerica St. Louis Airport	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	535,000		
funds	General fund	138,050	-		
	Non-major governmental funds	208,155	_		
	MidAmerica St. Louis Airport	. <u></u>	156,310		
		\$ 4,337,083	\$ 3,997,218		

In the governmental funds financial statements, total transfers-out exceeded transfers-in by \$3,997,218 because of transfers made to the Enterprise fund. These transfers included cash transfers as well as expenses of the Enterprise fund paid by governmental funds on its behalf. Cash transfers of \$2,541,300 are expected to be repaid in the long-term future and are considered by the County as part of the "Advances to other funds" previously discussed.

6. Debt and Lease Obligations

The County uses various vehicles to finance the acquisition and construction or improvement of major capital facilities and equipment for both governmental and business-type activities.

Capital lease obligations and certificates of participation

Through the Public Building Commission of St. Clair County, a component unit established under the Illinois Public Building Commission Act, the County has financed much of its capital facilities using capital lease obligations for both its governmental and business-type activities. These leases are deemed general obligations of the County to pay net rentals using the property tax levy or other appropriate operating revenues of the County. The obligations have been recorded at the principal amount due on the underlying debt plus any accreted interest. Net capital lease obligations currently outstanding are as follows:

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest rates	<u>Amount</u>
Governmental Activities		
Buildings and improvements	4.00% - 5.00%	\$ 10,335,000
Jail	6.45%	2,179,560
Business-type Activities		
Airport improvements	5.90% - 5.95%	11,689,796
		\$ 24,204,356

In addition, certificates of participation have also been used to finance certain communications equipment at the Airport. These certificates are also general obligations of the County to pay base rentals under a lease. Net obligations outstanding at December 31, 2010 for these certificates of participation are as follows:

Purpose	Interest rates	E	<u>Amount</u>
Business-type Activities	-		
Airport communications	5.25% - 5.30%	\$	685,000

Governmental Activities

At December 29, 2005, as part of refinancing certain debt and issuing new bonds, the Public Building Commission and the County entered into one new lease agreement covering certain government facilities and combined all previous leases except those covering airport properties. The County leases its jail, courthouse, detention home, garage, probation, animal control, education, 911, and other office facilities under a new consolidated lease agreement. Payment of principal, interest, certain repairs, operations, maintenance and improvements of the facilities are disbursed from annual rents collected from the County. This lease extends through December 31, 2025. Future minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2010, were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Total Lease	Operations & Maintenance
2011	\$ 9,426,236	\$ 6,361,073
2012	9,521,103	8,762,640
2013	9,612,228	9,051,965
2014	9,711,127	9,150,364
2015	9,805,790	9,244,727
2016-2020	51,420,729	47,643,022
2021-2025	57,428,870	49,135,495
	156,926,083	\$139,349,286
Less: Amount representing executory cost (i.e.,		
utilities, maintenance, etc.)	139,349,286	
	17,576,797	
Less: Amount representing interest and amortization	5,062,237	
Obligation under capital lease	\$ 12,514,560	

Rent payments under these leases were \$8,690,477 recorded in the Lease Payable Fund, \$75,963 included in the Emergency Telephone expenses, \$15,057 in the Veterans Assistance expenses, \$50,000 in the General Fund expenses, and \$236,034 in the County Health expenses. The County has been able to abate certain tax levies for the remaining

lease commitments. Lease revenues from other lessees are currently financing the remaining lease commitments in the amount of \$260,234 which includes \$170,429 from the Intergovernmental Grants Department. At such time that operating lease revenues are insufficient to meet debt service and executory cost requirements, the County will no longer abate this portion of the lease levy. Interest expense charged to governmental activities for these leases was \$748,529 in 2010.

Business-type activities

The County is also financing certain airport construction and property acquisitions through leases with the Public Building Commission. Payment of principal and interest are disbursed from annual rents paid by the County. Accreted interest is shown as an interest expense and added to the net obligation balance.

<u>Year</u>				Lease
2011			\$	540,000
2012				2,905,000
2013				3,105,000
2014				3,105,000
2015				3,105,000
2016			* .	1,650,000
• •				14,410,000
	epresenting interest and amortization	on j		2,720,204
Obligation unde	er capital lease		\$	11,689,796

The capital lease payment for 2010 for the benefit of the Airport was \$535,000 and has been recorded as a transfer from the Lease Payable Fund to the Enterprise Fund. Capital lease interest, which includes the accreted interest, charged to Airport operations was \$691,576.

The certificates of participation used to finance communications equipment are being paid annually. It is anticipated that the primary source of funds available to the County to make base rental payments under the lease will be Airport revenues and various other revenues including real estate property taxes if necessary. Lease payments reflect principal and interest per the certificate document are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal		Interest		Total	
2011	\$	335,000	\$	36,138	\$ 371,138	
2012	-	350,000	1	18,550	368,550	
	\$	685,000	\$	54,688	\$ 739,688	

Interest charged against Airport operations was \$52,517.

Rent Credits

Governmental activities

As part of the acquisition of certain office space, the County entered into a special agreement with the seller whereby a part of the purchase price included rent credits for a

term of 20 years. Should the seller be forced to surrender its leased space to the County, unused rent credits would be payable. The liability is being amortized at \$20,104 per month with interest computed at approximately 8.15% as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Lease
2011	\$ 241,248
2012	241,248
2013	 140,728
	623,224
Less: Amount representing imputed interest	 59,835
Unused rent credits	\$ 563,389

Imputed interest expense for 2010 was \$53,347.

Notes payable

Business-type activities

In August 2003, the County committed \$1,350,000 for airport incentives to attract a private airline. To finance this package, the County borrowed funds from the St. Clair County Public Building Commission bearing interest at 1% per annum. The balance plus accrued interest was paid in full in August, 2010. Interest charged to operations was \$7,700 for 2010.

Revenue bonds

Government activities

In November 2005, the County issued \$16,835,000 in Highway Revenue Bonds to advance refund \$3,550,000 of the outstanding 1997 series bonds and provide funds to construct, maintain, and improve certain County highways, roads and bridges. The advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance and the 1997 Series bond liability for those bonds has been removed from the balance sheet and was paid by the escrow agent.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$91,889. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, was charged to the operations through 2007. The County completed the advance refunding to reduce cash flow requirements in the near term as part of bonding for new capital. The County realized an economic loss (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$18,379 in the advance refunding of the old debt in order to consolidate existing debt as part of the newly issued bonds.

These bonds are limited obligations of the County with a claim for payment solely from Highway Revenues (Motor Fuel Tax and Matching Tax). The County is required to deposit monthly into a separate fund fractional shares of principal and interest becoming due on the next succeeding payment. Interest is payable each January 1 and July 1 at rates from 4.00% to 5.00 %, while principal is due each January 1 as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2011	\$ 1,295,000	\$ 568,125	\$ 1,863,125
2012	1,360,000	501,750	1,861,750
2013	1,430,000	432,000	1,862,000
2014	1,500,000	366,250	1,866,250
2015	1,560,000	297,250	1,857,250
2016-2018	5,165,000	 395,625	5,560,625
	\$ 12,310,000	\$ 2,561,000	\$ 14,871,000

The carrying value of the general obligation refunding bonds is as follows:

Outstanding bonds	\$	12,310,000
Unamortized premium		292,425
Unamortized bond issuance costs and		
deferred refunding loss		(154,204)
	\$	12,448,221

Interest and amortization charged to operations for the transportation function for 2010 was \$567,410.

General obligation refunding bonds

Business-type activities

On July 7, 2009, the County issued \$50,105,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$71,354,605 of certain outstanding 1999 Series bonds. Net proceeds of \$45,028,025 (after payment of \$722,988 underwriting, insurance, and other issuance costs and \$5,550,000 for swap termination fees) plus an additional \$29,996,900 of designated debt service funds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that had been placed in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. On December 31, 2010, accreted value of \$6,661,396 in defeased bonds is outstanding.

Another \$3,843,954 was placed in escrow for the 2016/2017 debt service for the new bonds as required by the alternative debt financing. Nearly all of the 1999 series bonds were callable in 2009. Capital Appreciation Bonds due in 2016 and 2017 were not subject to optional redemption prior to maturity.

The advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance and was done as an advance refunding to take advantage of lower interest rates and to reduce total debt service requirements. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$9.8 million. The difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to the operations through 2029. The County completed the advance refunding to reduce cash flow requirements in the near term. The debt service requirements over the next 20 years decreased by approximately \$15.7 million but the County realized an economic loss (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1.2 million.

Capital Appreciation bonds that were not defeased are payable as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	Accreted Value
2016	\$ 778,939	\$ 1,236,061	\$ 2,015,000	\$ 1,468,789
2017	777,474	1,347,526	2,125,000	1,466,037
	\$ 1,556,413	\$ 2,583,587	\$ 4,140,000	\$ 2,934,826

The carrying value of the Capital Appreciation bonds was:

Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$ 2,934,826
Unamortized bond issuance costs and deferred refunding loss	 (33,192)
	\$ 2.901.634

The 2009 debt (General Obligation Refund Bonds-Alternative Revenue Source) of \$50,105,000 are current interest bonds. The bonds and interest are payable from certain pledged revenues and real estate taxes, if necessary. Pledged revenues include grant revenues, as discussed in Note 17, and net Airport revenues derived from the operation of the Airport. Currently the Airport is operating at a deficit and prior grant receipts are being used to fund the debt service on the bonds.

Debt service requirements to maturity on the new bonds are as follows:

<u>Year</u>		Principal	Interest	Total
2011		\$ -	\$ 2,508,650	\$ 2,508,650
2012			2,508,650	2,508,650
2013	3.50%	475,000	2,508,650	2,983,650
2014	3.75%	1,110,000	2,492,025	3,602,025
2015	4.00%	1,825,000	2,450,400	4,275,400
2016-2020	4.50% - 5.00%	7,450,000	11,560,750	19,010,750
2021-2025	5.00% - 5.25%	17,920,000	8,491,837	26,411,837
2026-2029	5.00% - 5.25%	21,325,000	2,858,913	24,183,913
		\$ 50,105,000	\$ 35,379,875	\$ 85,484,875

The new bonds start maturing on October 1, 2013 and are payable through 2029. Interest is payable at rates of 3.5% to 5.25% depending on maturity on April 1 and October 1. Bonds due on or after October 1, 2020 are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the County at par plus accrued interest.

The carrying value of the Capital Interest bonds was:

Capital Appreciation Bonds	\$	50,105,000
Premium	·	1,080,323
Unamortized bond issuance costs and deferred refunding loss		(9,525,005)
	\$	41,660,318

Debt service was paid from the MidAmerica St. Louis Airport Fund. Total interest, net of amortization of bond costs and premiums, charged to operations for the General Obligation bond issues amounted to \$3,279,424.

Changes in long-term liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions during 2010.

Governmental activities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due within one year
Revenue bonds Less deferred amounts Issue costs &	\$13,555,000	\$ -	\$ 1,245,000	\$ 12,310,000	\$ 1,295,000
refunding	(191,121)	-	(36,917)	(154,204)	<u>-</u>
Premium	362,432	-	70,007	292,425	-
	13,726,311	.=	1,278,090	12,448,221	1,295,000
Capital leases	14,801,977	262,583	2,550,000	12,514,560	2,560,000
Rent credits	751,290	- .	187,901	563,389	204,010
Insurance claims	1,504,555	35,945	<u> </u>	1,540,500	
	\$30,784,133	\$ 298,528	\$ 4,015,991	\$ 27,066,670	\$ 4,059,010

For General Debt, the combined interest cost, including interest from rent credits, was \$1,369,286. Interest of \$567,410 is charged directly to transportation functions while \$801,876 is unallocated.

Business-type activities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due wit one ye	
General				÷		
obligation bonds	\$ 52,882,683	\$ 157,143	\$ -	\$ 53,039,826	\$	
Less deferred amounts:				• •	•	
Issue costs &					•	
refunding	(10,249,801)		(691,604)	(9,558,197)		-
Premium	1,158,296	- '	77,973	1,080,323		-
Total bonds	43,791,178	157,143	(613,631)	44,561,952		-
Capital leases	11,533,221	691,575	535,000	11,689,796	540	,000
Notes payable	1,155,000	-	1,155,000	-		-
Certificates of			, ,			
Participation	1,000,000	•	315,000	685,000	335	,000
Due to Public Building				333,000	000	,000
Commission	5,737,855	138,756	<u> </u>	5,876,611		
	\$ 63,217,254	\$ 987,474	\$ 1,391,369	\$ 62,813,359	_ \$ 875	,000_

Total Airport interest and amortization expensed aggregated to \$2,648,009. No interest was capitalized as part of construction costs.

The following is a summary of debt service requirements including minimum lease obligations. Rent credits have not been included. As long as the County meets its obligations under the purchase agreement, no payment will be required and the liability will be amortized annually over the remaining period of the agreement.

Debt service requirements are as follows:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	
Year	Debt	Leases	Debt	Leases	Total
2011	\$ 1,863,125	\$ 9,426,236	\$ 2,879,788	\$ 540,000	\$ 14,709,149
2012	1,861,750	9,521,103	2,877,200	2,905,000	17,165,053
2013	1,862,000	9,612,228	2,983,650	3,105,000	17,562,878
2014	1,866,250	9,711,127	3,602,025	3,105,000	18,284,402
2015	1,857,250	9,805,790	4,275,400	3,105,000	19,043,440
2016-2020	5,560,625	51,420,729	23,150,750	1,650,000	81,782,104
2021-2025	-	57,428,870	26,411,837	-	83,840,707
2026-2029			24,183,913	-	24,183,913
	14,871,000	156,926,083	90,364,563	14,410,000	276,571,646
Executory					
costs	<u> </u>	139,349,286	·	-	139,349,286
	\$ 14,871,000	\$ 17,576,797	\$ 90,364,563	\$ 14,410,000	\$137,222,360

Under Illinois State statutes, the limit of long-term indebtedness is 2.875% of the value of the taxable property ascertained by the last assessment. This limit does not include indebtedness for the purpose of certain buildings, roads, and airports. The computation to ensure St. Clair County is within the limit is as follows:

Equalized assessed value of taxable property – 2010 tax year Values used for setting rates	\$ 3	3,664,805,429
Debt limit Total debt authorized and issued:	\$	105,363,156
Deemed general obligations bonded indebtedness		16,307,064
Certificates of Participation		685,000
Legal debt margin	\$	88,371,092

7. Net Assets

The County has certain reserved, designated and restricted net asset balances as follows:

	Governmental Funds	Business-Type Fund	Total
Reserved fund balance Working cash Capital projects and	\$ 16,984,398	\$ -	\$ 16,984,398
expansion	7,484,638		7,484,638
	\$ 24,468,036	\$ -	\$ 24,468,036
Designated fund balance Debt service -			
Airport bonds	\$ 20,473,264	\$	\$ 20,473,264

Restricted net assets						
Tort	\$	4,604,376	1.	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 4,604,376
Retirement		9,170,519				9,170,519
Public safety		6,458,167				6,458,167
Court services		3,284,981			_	3,284,981
Parks and recreation		3,466,224			-	3,466,224
Public health		16,644,808			<u>.</u>	16,644,808
Transportation		33,154,649			- : -	33,154,649
Lease obligations		9,008,951			-	9,008,951
Debt service -						
Highway bonds		2,047,202			-	2,047,202
Other		3,401,483			-	3,401,483
	\$	91,241,360		\$		\$ 91,241,360

The County includes its Tort\Self-insurance program as part of the General Fund. Legally restricted property tax revenues fund tort activity. Restricted fund balance is substantially comprised of cash, equity in cash and investment pool less claims liabilities.

The working cash has been reserved by a County ordinance to provide working capital for the ensuing months. In addition, the County has also set aside funds for capital projects and expansion at the airport and improvements to County buildings in accordance with optional statutory authority.

Funds transferred from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund have been designated for retirement of Airport bonds. In addition, monthly transfers from the Transportation Fund to the Debt Service Fund are restricted for the debt service payments on the outstanding highway bonds.

8. Fund deficits

The General Grants, Office on Aging, Commissary and the Prosecution/Law Enforcement Grant funds had negative fund balances of \$128,734, \$8, \$48,445, and \$35,118, respectively, at December 31, 2010. The funds' deficits will be recovered at a later date.

9. Reconciliation of governmental expenditures activities

Reconciliation of Governmental Expenditures

(in thousands)

	<u>Total</u>	General Government	Public <u>Safety</u>	Judicial	Trans- portation	Public <u>Health</u>	Debt Service	Interest
Governmental funds				v1				
expenditures Adjustments:	\$87,758	\$ 37,116	\$ 21,832	\$ 7,090	\$8,914	\$10,936	\$1,870	\$ -
Capital outlay	(5,451)	(1,411)	(1,011)	(27)	(3,002)		· -	
Depreciation	7,112	1,356	2,236	453	2,917	150	_	· -
Debt service	(3,479)	(2,978)	· · ·	·	567	•	(1,870)	802
Change in long-term	() - /	(-,			77.		(1,510)	
insurance claims	36	36				-	<u>-</u>	· _
Change in compensated								
absences	384	67	252	36	35	(6)	_	
Change in inventories	100	21	-		85	(6)	_	
In-kind contributions	2,470	_	=	-	-	2,470	· · · · ·	_
Employee medical			,					
costs of components								
Units	2,360	2,360	-	_	· ·		-	-
Internal service fund		·		-				
Income	1,518	359	600	308	125	126	-	-
Reclassifications:								
Interfund activity	(913)	(517)	268	47	(397)	(314)	_	, -
Employee benefits		(9,168)	5,533	2,297	` 907	431	-	·
Insurance costs	33	(3,372)	1,922	582	654	247	-	-
Lease payments	-	(2,418)	1,507	911		_	_	-
Expenses for Net								
Activities	\$91,928	\$ 21,451	\$ 33,139	\$11,697	\$10,805	\$14,034	\$ -	\$ 802

Expenses as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances focus on budgetary basis of accounting and the expenses as reported on the Statement of Net Activities are presented on an economic resource basis. This schedule is presented to show the various adjustments and allocations that were required to arrive at the expenses recorded in the Statement of Net Activities.

10. Risk Management

Tort

Most insurance costs are funded and charged to the Tort Liability Fund which is included in the General Fund. The Tort Liability Fund is funded through a tax levy specifically established to cover insurance costs.

The County has a self-funded insurance program for property, worker's compensation, automobile, general liability, errors and omissions including public officials and police professional liability. The County purchases commercial insurance for excess coverage over the self-funded retention amounts and has elected to fully insure selected exposures. The County uses a third party actuary to help determine funding requirements based on trends in actual claims experiences, stop loss coverage, and provision for catastrophic

losses. The County participates in the Illinois Counties Risk Management Trust (ICRMT) program for many of its coverages. The ICRMT Program is a non-assessable plan.

Based upon specific circumstances pertaining to certain departments or coverage, the County has elected to fully insure the Intergovernmental Grants Department's worker's compensation. This policy provides first dollar coverage with nominal deductibles. The self-funded part of the program consists of all remaining property (real, personal, contractor's equipment and EDP exposures) and liability as well as the worker's compensation. The property coverage is written on a replacement cost basis with a total insurable value of \$175,440,578 and \$100,000 self-funded retention amounts per loss. The property coverage includes flood and earthquake risks up to \$156,520,428 including mine subsidence (\$300 million program aggregate) with self-insured retention of the greater of \$100,000 or 5% of the damaged location for earthquake and \$50,000 for flood.

The premises, products, law enforcement, dispatchers, professional, automobile, public officials, and health professional liabilities are included as part of the general liability coverage. The general liability has a per occurrence limit of \$1,000,000 with a general aggregate liability limit of \$3,000,000. The general liability is subject to a \$250,000 self-funded retention per occurrence. Public Officials liability is limited to \$1,000,000 while physical and sexual abuse coverage is limited to \$2,000,000 with \$250,000 retention for each and a \$4,000,000 aggregate.. The liability also includes premises medical expense payments coverage with limits of \$1,000 per person and \$50,000 per occurrence. There is excess liability coverage with a limit of \$9,000,000 that applies to general liability, law enforcement, auto, and public officials. The worker's compensation coverage (not including the Intergovernmental Grants Department) is written on a statutory basis with an employer's liability limit per incident of \$2,500,000 and a \$350,000 self-funded retention. These coverages are included in the ICRMT program.

The Crime and Public Employee Blanket Bond coverage is also included in the ICRMT. The Crime coverage is written on a faithful performance basis with a limit of \$500,000 for Employee Dishonesty, Money and Securities (both inside/outside) and Depositors Forgery. All coverages are subject to a \$100,000 deductible.

Pollution liability insurance is limited to \$1,000,000 per pollution condition with an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000 with \$25,000 retention for each.

For the MidAmerica St. Louis Airport operations, the County is insuring specific coverages: contractors' equipment, airport owners and operators general liability, airport public officials liability, pollution liability, property and automobiles with varying deductibles. The airport owners and operators general liability policy includes first dollar coverage and includes aviation, hi-jacking and other aviation liability coverage with a \$100 million aggregate. The airport owners and operators liability policy also provides a \$100 million limit for off-premises liability over the automobile liability coverage of \$1 million. Aviation public official liability carries a \$10 million limit and \$25,000 deductible while sexual misconduct liability is limited to \$1 million.

Environmental impairment liability – select coverage is limited to \$10 million per occurrence with an annual aggregate of \$20 million. Deductible for each occurrence is \$100,000 and \$400,000 in the aggregate.

The blanket coverage applies to building contents, runways, taxiways and aprons with limits of \$201 million and \$25,000 per occurrence deductibles. Coverage also applies to flood, earthquake, and mine subsidence up to \$200 million with a \$100,000 deductible. Leased or rented equipment coverage is limited to \$150,000.

International general and products liability coverages are limited to \$2 million with no deductibles while excess foreign automobile coverage of \$1 million. Additional foreign workers' compensation and automobile are limited to \$1 million. A special crime policy is limited to \$1,000,000.

The insurance premiums and fees for Airport coverages are paid from the Tort Fund. Airport related insurance costs including legal fees have been recorded as transfers by the Tort Fund and charged to airport operations for the year ended December 31, 2010 in the amount of \$593,152.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors such as inflation, legal changes and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in exact amounts. Liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration all of these factors.

The County is a defendant in a significant number of lawsuits. As of December 31, 2010, the County estimates settlement to be \$3,446,762 of which \$1,540,500 is recorded in long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and are payable from Tort funds included with the General Fund accounts. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities were as follows:

Year	Claims Liability January 1	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Claims Liability December 31
2010	\$ 3,033,695	\$ 1,680,624	\$ 1,267,557	\$ 3,446,762
2009	2,493,696	2,815,960	2,275,961	3,033,695
2008	3,211,493	807,782	1,525,579	2,493,696

Employee Medical

The County has a self-insurance program covering certain health and welfare benefits for substantially all of its employees including the Intergovernmental Grants Department and the Public Building Commission. Aggregate health claims in excess of \$11,691,819 for the County with \$225,000 per individual and life insurance benefits are covered by third party insurance in conjunction with this program. The employee medical plan is funded with the County contributing to the Employee Medical Trust Fund, an Internal Service Fund, the cost for its employees with a minimal contribution by the employee. The net cost is charged to the various funds of the County based upon a third party actuarial determination. The employee, through payroll deduction, pays the employees' portion of dependent coverage.

The County must also provide health coverage to certain retired employees and their eligible dependents under the Municipal Employee's Continuation Privilege law. Premiums for full coverage or Medicare supplement are withheld by IMRF from retirement pay and

paid directly to the County. Premiums and costs are included in the Internal Service Fund. Funding for these post-employment benefits (OPEB) is discussed below.

The claims liability reported on the financial statements is based on the probability that as, of the date of the financial statements, a liability was incurred and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Claims are payable from the Internal Service Fund. Changes in fund claim liability amounts were:

Year	Claims Liability January 1	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Claims Liability December 31
2010	\$ 750,700	\$ 9,558,932	\$ 8,904,269	\$ 1,405,363
2009	837,689	8,670,008	8,756,997	750,700
2008	841,400	8,068,366	8,072,077	837,689

11. Defined benefit pension plan

Plan Description. The County's defined benefit pension plan for employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The County's plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, the County's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary while SLEP participants contribute 7.5% and Elected Officials contribute 7.5%. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The County's contribution rate for calendar year 2010 was 10.86% of annual covered payroll for regular employees, 20.73% for SLEP, and 43.66% for Elected Officials. The County also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. For 2010, the County's annual pension costs were \$3,120,758, \$1,651,378 and \$543,748 for the regular, SLEP and Elected Officials, respectively. These were equal to the County's required and actual contribution.

Three-Year Trend Information for the County Plan

Regular (Non-SLEP) County Employees

	Actuarial	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
	Valuation Date	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
	12/31/10	\$ 3,120,758	100%	\$ 0
	12/31/09	2,133,818	100%	0
	12/31/08	2,147,775	100%	0
SLEP Co	unty Employees			
	Actuarial	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
	Valuation Date	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
	12/31/10	\$ 1,651,378	100%	\$ 0
	12/31/09	1,497,899	100%	0
	12/31/08	1,542,661	100%	0
Elected C	County Officials			•
	Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
	12/31/10	\$ 543,748	100%	\$ 0
	12/31/09	599,335	100%	0
	12/31/08	570,952	100%	0

The required 2010 contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2008, included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 10% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of the County's plan assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value assets. The County's plan's overfunded and unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities at December 31, 2008 are being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open 30 year basis.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 82.58% funded for regular employees, 58.36% for SLEP, and 38.94% for Elected Officials. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits, the actuarial value of assets, and the under(over) funded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), the covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll for the employee groups are as follows:

Employee Group	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Value Of Assets	Underfunded UAAL
Regular	\$ 94,241,567	\$ 77,820,426	\$ 16,421,141
SLEP	31,726,458	18,514,443	13,212,015
Elected Officials	8,321,966	3,240,772	5,081,194
Employee Group	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
Regular	\$ 28,736,263	57.14%	
SLEP	7,966,128	165.85%	
Elected Officials	1,245,415	407.99%	

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets in increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Due to poor performance of the IMRF investments in prior years, retirements of long-term officials, and significant changes in law enforcement retirement benefits, the County currently has an accumulated net unfunded actuarial liability for its employee groups of \$34,714,350. This liability is not included in these financial statements. The County contributes 100% of the annual pension cost. Accordingly the County has no net pension obligation liability. IMRF has already announced that future rates will continue to increase.

12. <u>Post-employment Benefits other than Pension</u>

Plan description. In addition to providing the pension benefits described above, the County provides post-employment health care insurance benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, and employee and employer contributions are governed by the County and can be amended by the County through its personnel manual. All health care benefits are provided through the County's self-insured health plan.

The County established an irrevocable trust to fund future benefits as of December 31, 2007. Currently administrative costs for the trust are minimal and paid by the OPEB Trust Fund. The plan uses the accrual method of accounting in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the fund is reported in the County's Post-Employment Benefits Trust fund, a fiduciary fund.

Benefits provided. The County must provide health coverage to certain retired employees and their eligible dependents under the Municipal Employee's Continuation Privilege law. To be eligible, the retiree must retire from active service and be immediately eligible for an IMRF pension or disability benefit and covered by the County's health plan at retirement, or

an IMRF SLEP (Sheriff Law Employment Personnel) participant who terminates employment with at least 20 years of SLEP credit. The benefits levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. The program becomes secondary to Medicare when the retiree or spouse reaches age 65. Premiums charged to retirees are at COBRA rates less a 2% administration fee as required by State statute. Premiums are withheld by IMRF from retirement pay and paid directly to the County's Employee Medical Trust Fund, an internal service fund. Premiums and costs are included in the Internal Service Fund. In 2010, approximately 121 retirees (including spouses) participated in the program, 851 active employees, and 22 terminated employees eligible for temporary benefits (COBRA).

Funded Status and Funding Progress. The County adopted GASB Statement No. 45 and has actuarially determined the required annual contribution that is prepared in accordance with certain parameters. The OPEB trust is funded by the County and participants make no contributions into the fund over and above their contribution for benefits made to the Employee Medical Trust Fund. As of December 31, 2010, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the County's plan was 55% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits, the actuarial value of assets, and the under(over) funded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL), the covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll for the employee groups are as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Value of Assets	Unfunded UAAL
12/31/10 12/31/09 12/31/08	\$ 2,173,919 2,417,968 2,253,318	\$ 1,190,799 850,844 520,113	\$ 983,120 1,567,124 1,733,205
	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
	\$ 37,947,806 40,027,895 38,230,339	3% 4% 5%	

Annual OPEB Cost. Based on the bi-annual actuarial study done as of January 1, 2009, the County's 2010 required OPEB contribution was \$289,172. The County deposited these funds into the trust fund. The annual contribution includes the current year's service cost of \$136,407 as well as the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (AAL) of \$152,765. This amortization is based on a 30-year amortization of the unfunded AAL as a level dollar amount on a closed basis. Since the County is self-insured, the employer contributions fluctuate on annual basis.

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	2,173,919
Actuarial value of plan assets		1,190,799
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	983,120

The initial required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2006 bi-annual

actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit method. The actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrences of events far into the future and are subject to continual revision. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities. The actuarial value of assets is based on the fair market value of the assets. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2010 included (a) 7% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses); (b) projected medical increases of 10% grading down to 5% in year 2016 and each year thereafter, (c) rate of retirement based on ages, (d) turnover, (e) disability/mortality, and (f) percent of retiree and spousal participation.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual OPEB Cost (AOC)	Percentage of AOC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (NPO)	Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)
12/31/10	\$ 289,520	100%	\$ 0	\$2,173,919	\$2,173,919
12/31/09	290,216	100%	0	2,417,968	2,417,968
12/31/08	275,087	100%	0	2,253,318	2,253,318

13. Deferred compensation plan

The County offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans, available to all permanent County employees through the National Association of Counties (NACO) and The Hartford, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or an unforeseeable emergency, at which time it is taxable to the employee or other beneficiary.

14. St. Clair County Public Building Commission

On July 6, 1966, the Public Building Commission of St. Clair County was established by the authority vested in St. Clair County's Board of Supervisors as provided by the Illinois Public Building Commission Act. At December 31, 2010, summarized financial data for the St. Clair County Public Building Commission was as follows:

Current assets Restricted assets Property, plant and equipment Due from St. Clair County	\$ 9,795,344 2,774,487 29,524 5,570,991
Other assets	21,995,072
Liabilities	40,165,418
Current liabilities	4,020,618
Long-term liabilities	21,539,518
Due to St. Clair County	232,654
	25,792,790

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Net Assets	
Net assets invested in capital assets	29,524
Restricted	2,396,472
Unrestricted	11,946,632
Total net assets	\$ 14,372,628
Operating revenues	\$ 8,270,810
Operating expenses	10,234,852
Operating income	(1,964,042)
Non-operating revenue (expenses)	45,568
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,918,474)

The assets of the Public Building Commission include its investment in the capital leases, while its liabilities include the remaining debt on the capital lease assets. Accordingly, these amounts would be eliminated in a consolidated balance sheet of St. Clair County and the Public Building Commission.

15. St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Department

St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Department (IGD) is a regional planning commission that administers economic development and rehabilitation, weatherization, job training, and other social service programs in St. Clair County for the economically disadvantaged under various federal and state grants. Its activities also include the St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Community Action Commission (CAC), a 501(c)(3) formed to obtain additional grant funds.

St. Clair County, through its Intergovernmental Grants Department, has entered into various agreements with federal and state agencies to administer certain programs. Funding for the programs is predominantly from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) and the Illinois Department of Healthcare and Family Services. While the financial statements of these various programs are not presented herein, certain limited financial information is provided.

At December 31, 2010 summarized financial data for the St. Clair County Intergovernmental Grants Department was as follows:

Current assets Other non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	\$ 6,386,615 4,018,510 56,962
Total assets	10,462,087
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	5,248,717 4,018,510 9,267,227

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Net assets	
Investment in capital assets	56,962
Restricted for loans	928,726
Unrestricted and unreserved	209,172
Total net assets	\$ 1,194,860
Program revenues Program expenditures General revenues Changes in net assets	\$ 24,281,926 (24,302,949) 53,367 \$ 32,344

Direct expenses for the programs during 2010 were as follows:

Jobs training and employment	\$	4,722,944
Housing and urban development		6,003,741
Weatherization/energy assistance		11,002,390
Community service programs		1,798,479
Support services		775,395
	- \$	24,302,949

Various other grants not administered by the Intergovernmental Grants Department are included in these government-wide financial statements.

16. St. Clair County Flood Prevention District

The St. Clair County Flood Prevention District (District) was established in July of 2008 pursuant to an Illinois statute created for the purpose of performing emergency levee repair and flood prevention in order to prevent the loss of life or property. The County adopted a resolution to impose a sales tax to fund the operations and any debt service requirements of the District for this purpose. Although preliminary engineering began in late 2008, the District began collecting sales tax in January 2009. Per statute, the operations of the district are reported on a year ending in September. At September 30, 2010 summarized financial data for the St. Clair County Flood Prevention District was as follows:

Current assets	\$ 3,303,359
Total assets	3,303,359
Current liabilities	1,480,192
Total liabilities	1,480,192
Net assets	
Unrestricted and unreserved	1,823,167
Total net assets	\$ 1,823,167
Program revenues	\$ 5,279,513
Program expenditures	(3,906,287)
General revenues	10,364
Changes in net assets	\$ 1,383,590

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Notes to the financial statements (continued)

17. MidAmerica St. Louis Airport

The MidAmerica St. Louis Airport project began in 1990 as an expansion of Scott Air Force Base into a joint military and civilian use airport and constructed in accordance with the provisions of the federal Airport Improvement Act. The airport opened for operations in April of 1998.

The County has financed its portion of construction from general tax revenues, bonds and interest. In addition to bonds issued by the County, the Public Building Commission, who had been constructing the airport on behalf of the County, issued additional bonds for construction and additional land acquisitions. The repayment of these obligations is included in the County's long-term lease agreements with the Public Building Commission and is being financed through the Lease Payable fund.

In 2011 the FAA committed funds for the construction of another ramp. The FAA commitment was approximately \$2,648,000 with County and State participation of \$70,000 each.

18. Related party

In addition to the lease arrangements, the Intergovernmental Grants Department and the Public Building Commission participate in the Tort and Medical Self-Insurance programs of the County including the unemployment insurance program. Reimbursements to the County for their portion of these programs were \$591,535 from the Grants Department and \$416,538 from the Public Building Commission.

19. Pending litigation, contingencies, and commitments

St. Clair County has been named as defendant in a number of lawsuits pending at December 31, 2010. Claims, which have not advanced to the stage of litigation, have also been made against the County. In the opinion of the State's Attorney and outside legal counsel, settlement of these matters is not expected to result in an unfunded liability to the County.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Governmental Funds December 31, 2010

The following schedules provide additional detail on balances and activities of County government and its operations. Budgetary schedules present actual data on the budgetary basis which is the modified cash basis.

Major Funds

The General Fund, Transportation Fund, and Debt Service Fund are comprised of various fund accounts that provide additional control and information about specific resources and expenditures of these funds. The Lease Payable Fund has only one set of accounts. More detailed schedules of the general fund and the transportation fund have been provided.

Nonmajor funds

Nonmajor governmental funds consist of the all special revenue funds, except the Transportation Fund and the Lease Payable Fund. Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes. Schedules have been provided for all nonmajor special revenue funds.

Public Employees Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress

Non-SLEP County Employees

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation		
	12/30/2010 12/30/2009	\$ 3,120,758 2,133,818	100% 100%	\$0 0		
	12/30/2009	2,147,775	100%	0		
	12/31/2007	2,017,625	100%	0		
	12/31/2006	1,964,437	100%	0		
	12/31/2005	1,759,472	100%	0		
	12/31/2004	1,063,537	100%	0		
	12/31/2003	232,392	100%	0		
	12/31/2002	232,392	100%	0		
	12/31/2001	217,050	100%	0		
		211,000	10070	Ü		
		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	<u>(a)</u>	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/2010	\$ 77,820,426	\$ 94,241,567	\$ 16,421,141	82.58%	\$ 28,736,263	57.14%
12/31/2009	74,869,293	93,153,781	18,284,488	80.37%	30,224,054	60.50%
12/31/2008	74,399,761	86,146,035	11,746,274	86.36%	28,522,913	41.18%
12/31/2007	88,612,818	82,697,557	(5,915,261)	107.15%	26,973,591	0.00%
12/31/2006	81,957,335	77,946,152	(4,011,183)	105.15%	25,916,052	0.00%
12/31/2005	75,972,612	71,383,178	(4,589,434)	106.43%	24,746,435	0.00%
12/31/2004	72,632,910	67,587,777	(5,045,133)	107.46%	24,281,674	0.00%
12/31/2003	71,413,283	63,962,538	(7,450,745)	111.65%	24,193,640	0.00%
12/31/2002	69,357,222	59,271,924	(10,085,298)	117.02%	23,239,184	0.00%
12/31/2001	71,918,502	54,883,903	(17,034,599)	131.04%	21,924,281	0.00%

Public Employees Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress

SLEP County Employees

Actuarial	Annual Pension	Percentage of	Net Pension
Valuation Date	Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
12/31/2010	\$ 1,651,378	100%	\$0
12/31/2009	1,497,899	100%	0
12/31/2008	1,542,661	100%	0
12/31/2007	1,417,987	100%	0
12/31/2006	1,196,007	100%	0
12/31/2005	1,087,664	100%	0
12/31/2004	964,351	100%	0
12/30/2003	778,943	100%	0
12/31/2002	454,262	100%	0
12/31/2001	530,400	100%	0
	230,100	.0070	0

SLEP County Employees

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	Entry Age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/2010	\$ 18,514,443	\$ 31,726,458	\$ 13,212,015	58.36%	\$ 7,966,128	165.85%
12/31/2009	21,418,480	33,356,732	11,938,252	64.21%	8,472,281	140.91%
12/31/2008	21,412,533	33,824,308	12,411,775	63.31%	8,429,842	147.24%
12/31/2007	24,360,682	31,242,325	6,881,643	77.97%	7,917,292	86.92%
12/31/2006	22,402,790	29,838,125	7,435,335	75.08%	7,456,403	99.72%
12/31/2005	23,096,775	29,517,484	6,420,709	78.25%	7,108,914	90.32%
12/31/2004	21,412,245	24,100,517	2,688,272	88.85%	6,459,152	41.62%
12/30/2003	19,847,291	21,886,726	2,039,435	90.68%	6,085,490	33.51%
12/31/2002	18,887,550	20,425,107	1,537,557	92.47%	5,922,583	25.96%
12/31/2001	20,066,265	19,701,723	(364,542)	101.85%	5,715,520	0.00%

Public Employees Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress

Elected County Officials

Actuarial	Annual Pension		Percentage of	Net Pension
Valuation Date	(Cost (APC)	APC Contributed	Obligation
12/31/2010	\$	543,748	100%	\$0
12/31/2009		599,335	100%	0
12/31/2008		570,952	100%	0
12/31/2007		591,949	100%	0
12/31/2006		510,042	100%	0
12/31/2005		557,967	100%	0
12/31/2004		532,650	100%	0
12/30/2003		516,627	100%	0
12/31/2002		477,119	100%	0
12/31/2001		497,835	100%	0

Elected County Officials (began in 1997)

				Actuarial					UAAL as a	
		Actuarial		Accrued		Unfunded			Percentage of	
Actuarial		Value of	Lia	ibility (AAL)		AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered	
Valuation		Assets	Ę	Entry Age		(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll	
Date	(a)			(b)	(b-a) (a/b)		(b-a) (a/b)		 (c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/2010	\$	3,240,772	\$	8,321,966	\$	5,081,194	38.94%	\$ 1,245,415	407.99%	
12/31/2009		2,352,802		7,657,688		5,304,886	30.72%	1,331,560	398.40%	
12/31/2008		959,786		7,388,479		6,428,693	12.99%	1,277,584	503.19%	
12/31/2007		2,282,509		8,027,359		5,744,850	28.43%	1,277,681	449.63%	
12/31/2006		1,962,722		7,731,690		5,768,968	25.39%	1,274,469	452.66%	
12/31/2005		1,173,015		7,227,604		6,054,589	16.23%	1,311,938	461.50%	
12/31/2004		3,702,024		8,291,100		4,589,076	44.65%	1,231,277	372.71%	
12/30/2003		3,605,016		8,399,590		4,794,574	42.92%	1,165,938	411.22%	
12/31/2002		3,427,021		8,649,197		5,222,176	39.62%	1,182,451	441.64%	
12/31/2001		2,826,235		8,309,413		5,483,178	34.01%	1,132,989	483.96%	

Other Post-Employment Benefits Schedule of Funding Progress

	Actuarial Valuation Date	Annual OPEB Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
	12/30/2010	\$ 289,520	100%	\$ 0		
	12/30/2009	290,216	100%	0		
	12/31/2008	275,087	100%	0		
	12/31/2007	259,831	100%	0		
	12/31/2006	<u>-</u> .	100%	0		
						• .
						UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded	·		Percentage of
Actuarial	Value of	Accrued	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation Date	Assets	Liability (AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroli	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/2010	\$ 1,190,799	\$ 2,173,919	\$ 983,120	54.78%	\$ 37,947,806	2.59%
12/31/2009	850,844	2,417,963	1,567,124	35.19%	40,027,895	3.92%
12/31/2008	520,113	2,253,318	1,733,205	23.08%	38,230,339	4.53%
12/31/2007	259,831	2,079,931	1,819,493	12.49%	36,168,564	5.03%
12/31/2006	·	1,946,738	1,946,738	0.00%	34,646,924	5.62%

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget to Actual General Fund

For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Budgeted Amounts			ounts	Bu	dgetary Basis	Variance with	
		Original	Final			Actual		Final Budget
		<i>;</i>						
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	11,573,151	\$	11,573,151	\$	8,821,126	\$	(2,752,025)
Revenue from federal/state agencies		1,107,597		1,107,597		1,113,770		6,173
Revenue from local government		80,000		80,000		403,463		323,463
Earnings on investments		1,370,500		1,370,500		1,365,019		(5,481)
Licenses, permits, fines, fees		-				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
and services		14,511,054		14,511,054		14,209,991		(301,063)
State income tax		5,125,000		5,125,000		4,509,658		(615,342)
Personal property replacement tax		2,700,000		2,700,000		2,596,425		(103,575)
Sales tax		7,366,045		7,366,045		7,698,065		332,020
Pari-mutual tax		120,000		120,000		116,035		(3,965)
Miscellaneous revenues		46,000	·	46,000		893,354	. —	847,354
		43,999,347	·,	43,999,347	·	41,726,906		(2,272,441)
EXPENDITURES								
General government		42,867,356		42,875,199		20,737,124		(22,138,075)
Public safety	1	12,158,299		12,188,950		12,883,677		694,727
Judicial		5,069,260		5,084,140		4,867,598		(216,542)
Public health		62,100		64,726		71,934		7,208
		60,157,015		60,213,015		38,560,333		(21,652,682)
	-	33,131,313		33,213,310		00,000,000	-	(21,002,002)
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	. —	(16,157,668)		(16,213,668)	-	3,166,573		19,380,241
Other financing sources (uses):								
Operating transfers-in				-		138,050		138,050
Operating transfers-out	-	(3,225,000)		(3,390,331)		(525,228)		2,865,103
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(3,225,000)		(3,390,331)		(387,178)	<u> </u>	3,003,153
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(19,382,668)	\$	(19,603,999)		2,779,395	\$	22,383,394
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to								
government fund statement of								
changes in fund balance:								
Effect of unrecorded assets						(=0.0==)		
Effect of unrecorded assets Effect of market value adjustment on		-4				(50,277)		
Effect of market value adjustment on	iiive:	sinenis				(15,648)		
Effect of due to/from other funds						(1,019,891)		
Beginning fund balances						(128,995)		
					1	49,307,967		
Ending fund balances					\$	50,872,551		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget to Actual Transportation Fund For the year ended December 31, 2010

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	_ Budgetary Basis Variance with			
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	6,268,395	\$	6,268,395	\$	5,257,612	\$	(1,010,783)
Motor fuel tax		4,865,000		4,865,000		5,048,088		183,088
Earnings on investments		384,300		384,300		193,991		(190,309)
Licenses, permits, fines, fees								
and services	• .	578,800		578,800		15,640		(563,160)
Revenue from federal/state agencies				·	in the second	_		·
Revenue from local government		526,200		526,200		425,520		(100,680)
Miscellaneous revenues		100,000		100,000		17,068	-	(82,932)
		12,722,695		12,722,695		10,957,919		(1,764,776)
EXPENDITURES				e de la companya de				
Transportation		31,195,576		29,800,326	<u> </u>	9,407,154		(20,393,172)
		31,195,576		29,800,326		9,407,154		(20,393,172)
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(18,472,881)		(17,077,631)		1,550,765		18,628,396
Other financing sources (uses):				,				
Operating transfers-out		(2,070,400)		(3,465,650)	. <u></u>	(3,465,650)		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,070,400)		(3,465,650)		(3,465,650)		-
Net changes in fund balances	\$_	(20,543,281)	\$	(20,543,281)		(1,914,885)	<u>\$</u>	18,628,396
December of hardways to the form								
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to government fund statement of								
changes in fund balance:								
Effect of unrecorded assets						(306,893)		
Effect of market value adjustment on i	nve	stments				(8,702)		
Effect of unrecorded liabilities				1.		493,111		
Effect of due to/from other funds						506		
Beginning fund balances					·	34,980,355		
Ending fund balances					\$	33,243,492		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget to Actual Lease Payable Fund

For the year ended December 31, 2010

			, i						
		Budgeted	Amou	unts	Bud	getary Basis		riance with	
	Ori	ginal		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$ 10	,257,457	\$	10,257,457	\$	9,561,296	\$	(696,161)	
Revenue from local governments		44,156		44,156		20,410		(23,746)	
Earnings on investments		108,000		108,000		50,367			
Miscellaneous revenues		-		· · -		-		· •	
	. 10	,409,613		10,409,613		9,632,073		(719,907)	
		,		10,100,010		0,002,010		(1.10,007)	
EXPENDITURES									
General government	40	140 000		10 110 000		0.005.477		(0.047.400)	
General government		<u>,142,666</u>	. ——	12,142,666	~~~	9,225,477		(2,917,189)	
	12	,142,666		12,142,666		9,225,477	. ———	(2,917,189)	
Net changes in fund balances	\$ (1.	,733,053)	\$	(1,733,053)		406,596	\$	2,197,282	
	<u> </u>		-			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u>-</u>		
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to									
government fund statement of									
changes in fund balance:						•			
Effect of unrecorded assets						(521,524)			
Effect of market value adjustment on it	nvestmer	nts				(2,800)			
Beginning fund balances					-	9,126,679			
Ending fund balances					\$	9,008,951			

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget to Actual Debt Service Fund For the year ended December 31, 2010

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Bud	dgetary Basis	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget	
REVENUES									
Property taxes	\$	5,770,810	\$	5,770,810	\$	86	\$	(5,770,724)	
Earnings on investments		400,000	-	400,000		120,231		(279,769)	
		6,170,810		6,170,810	-	120,317		(6,050,493)	
EXPENDITURES									
Debt service	*******	11,000,000		11,000,000		1,870,400		(9,129,600)	
	***************************************	11,000,000		11,000,000		1,870,400		(9,129,600)	
Excess of revenues over (under)		// />							
expenditures		(4,829,190)		(4,829,190)		(1,750,083)		3,079,107	
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers-in		3,500,000		3,465,650		3,465,650		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,500,000		3,465,650		3,465,650		_	
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(1,329,190)	\$	(1,363,540)		1,715,567	\$	3,079,107	
Reconciliation of budgetary basis to government fund statement of changes in fund balance:									
Effect of unrecorded assets Effect of market value adjustment on	investments				(5,071) (7,200)				
Beginning fund balances						20,817,170			
Ending fund balances					\$	22,520,466			

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Balance Sheet - All General Fund Accounts December 31, 2010

	General	General County Escrow	Working Cash	Personal Property Replacement Tax	County	Geographic Information	Pari-	Tort
	County	ESCIOW	Casii	- rax	Automation	System	Mutual	Liability
ASSETS								
Cash	\$ 2,336,732	\$ 3,018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,480	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,369
Equity in cash and investment pool	2,189,334	9,884,861	1,173,884	20,878,939	(160,752)	287,561	130,729	4,473,691
Accounts receivable	3,239,897	-	- ·	247,719	15,900	-		26,331
Taxes receivable	4,276,486	-	-	-	· -	-	=	4,049,092
Interest receivable	37,731	13,199	1,572	· -		138	• -	4,463
Due from other funds	1,959,090	-	-	(301,160)	27,058	(658,808)	-	15,217
Prepaid expenditures	4,167				·			<u>1,277,642</u>
Total assets	\$ 14,043,437	\$ 9,901,078	<u>\$ 1,175,456</u>	\$ 20,825,498	\$ (47,314)	\$ (371,109)	\$ 130,729	\$ 9,861,805
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 238,308	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,390	\$ 168	\$ -	\$ 80,419
Accrued salaries	1,257,900	-		<u>-</u>	3,146	5,136	_	6,903
Due to other funds	2,919	_		-	-	-		0,000
Funds held in escrow	-,	· -	_	-		· -	· ·	_
Deferred income	4,554,928	-	<u>.</u>	_	15,900	· .		4,049,092
Other liabilities		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	•	-	-	1,906,263
T-4-1 P-1-997	0.054.055						* .	
Total liabilities	6,054,055		. •		21,436	5,304	-	6,042,677
Fund balance								
Restricted		_	_	-		_	_	3,819,128
Unrestricted								0,010,120
Reserved	15,808,942		1,175,456	-		_	_	_
Undesignated	(7,819,560)	9,901,078		20,825,498	(68,750)	(376,413)	130,729	
Total fund balance	7,989,382	9,901,078	1,175,456	20,825,498	(68,750)	(376,413)	130,729	3,819,128
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u>\$ 14,043,437</u>	\$ 9,901,078	\$ 1,175,456	\$ 20,825,498	<u>\$ (47,314)</u>	<u>\$ (371,109)</u>	<u>\$ 130,729</u>	\$ 9,861,805

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Balance Sheet - All General Fund Accounts December 31, 2010

	_R	Capital eplacement		MetroLink Security		Payroll Escrow	· ·	Pool	Total General Fund	
ASSETS										
Cash	\$		\$. <u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	375,213	\$	2,800,812
Equity in cash and investment pool		5,901,825		327,635		536,034		617,105		46,240,846
Accounts receivable		-		-		_ '		-		3,529,847
Taxes receivable				-		-				8,325,578
Interest receivable		7,341		•.*		628		·		65,072
Due from other funds		2,283,301		(235,670)		(206,542)		(637)		2,881,849
Prepaid expenditures			-	<u>-</u>		_	-			1,281,809
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	8,192,467	\$	91,965	\$	330,120	\$	991,681	\$	65,125,813
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities	_		_		_		_			
Accounts payable	\$	707,829	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,029,114
Accrued salaries		-		100,160		<u>-</u>				1,373,245
Due to other funds		-		-		330,120		75,489		408,528
Funds held in escrow		-		•		-		916,192		916,192
Deferred income						. - .		· -		8,619,920
Other liabilities							· ——			1,906,263
Total liabilities		707,829		100,160		330,120		991,681		14,253,262
Fund balance										
Restricted		_		·		_		_		3,819,128
Unrestricted										0,010,120
Reserved		7,484,638		-		_		<u>-</u>		24,469,036
Undesignated				(8,195)		-		<u>-</u>		22,584,387
Total fund balance		7,484,638		(8,195)				· <u>-</u>	_	50,872,551
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	8,192,467	\$	91,965	\$	330,120	\$	991,681	\$	65,125,813

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance All General Fund Accounts

For the year ended December 31, 2010

	General County	General County Escrow	Working Cash	Personal Property Replacement Tax	County Automation	Geographic Information System	Pari- Mutual	Tort Liability
REVENUES	£ 4.070.000	Φ.	•	•		•		
Property taxes	\$ 4,273,283	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,057,417
Revenue from federal/state agencies Revenue from local agencies	1,058,406	<u>-</u> '		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	455.000	-	005 500
Earnings on investments	1,268,801	51,571	6,075	(35,853)	222	155,000 577	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	205,529
Licenses, permits, fines, fees	1,200,001	31,371	0,075	(33,033)	222	5//	•	16,233
and services	12,261,046	47,279	_	_	139,482	154,139		
State income tax	4,687,652	71,213		-	103,402	104,109	-	· · ·
Personal property replacement tax	,001,002			2,542,983		·	_	
Sales tax	8,560,865		_		<u>-</u>	· ·	_	
Pari-mutual tax	-	· · · · · ·		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	113,669	_
Miscellaneous revenues	18,264		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		- .	-	
		00.050	0.075	0.507.400			440.000	
EVENUELLES	32,128,317	98,850	6,075	2,507,130	139,704	309,716	113,669	4,279,179
EXPENDITURES	10 500 000				051.110			
General government	13,586,896	· .	-	-	251,142	180,802	14,979	3,241,041
Public safety Judicial	11,692,330	-		. •		-	•	
Judicial Public Health	4,907,404					-	-	-
Public nealth	71,934	<u>-</u>	-	-			-	
	30,258,564	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		251,142	180,802	14,979	3,241,041
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	1,869,753	98,850	6,075	2,507,130	(111,438)	128,914	98,690	1,038,138
Other financing sources (uses)	• **							
Operating transfers-in	138,050	<u>. </u>	·_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· -	-	-	-
Operating transfers-out	(2,810,048)	·		(384,271)		(3,886)	-	(593,152)
Intra fund transfers (net)	(990,388)			<u> </u>			* <u></u> -	<u> </u>
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	(3,662,386)	_	44 <u>-</u>	(384,271)		(3,886)		(593,152)
				-	<u> </u>		,	
Net changes in fund balances	(1,792,633)	98,850	6,075	2,122,859	(111,438)	125,028	98,690	444,986
Beginning fund balances	9,782,015	9,802,228	1,169,381	18,702,639	42,688	(501,441)	32,039	3,374,142
Ending fund balances	\$ 7,989,382	\$ 9,901,078	\$ 1,175,456	\$ 20,825,498	\$ (68,750)	\$ (376,413)	\$ 130,729	\$ 3,819,128

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance All General Fund Accounts For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Capital Replacement	MetroLink Security	Payroll Escrow	Pool	Total General Fund
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,330,700
Revenue from federal/state agencies	-	- '	<u>-</u>		1,058,406
Revenue from local agencies	172	-			360,701
Earnings on investments	29,692	(66)	-	-	1,337,252
Licenses, permits, fines, fees					
and services	-	1,320,479		• -	13,922,425
State income tax	<u>-</u>	-	-	•	4,687,652
Personal property replacement tax	_	· -	· -	-	2,542,983
Sales tax	•	-	-	-	8,560,865
Pari-mutual tax	- i	· -			113,669
Miscellaneous revenues					18,264
	29,864	1,320,413		· -	40,932,917
EXPENDITURES					
General government	468,175	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	-	17,743,035
Public safety	-	1,260,545			12,952,875
Judicial	-	-	•	-	4,907,404
Public Health			_	-	71,934
	468,175	1,260,545			35,675,248
Excess of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(438,311)	59,868	· · ·	· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>	5,257,669
Other financing sources (uses)					
Operating transfers-in	· ·		-		138,050
Operating transfers-out	(39,778)	_	_	_	(3,831,135)
Intra fund transfers (net)	990,388	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	· -	(5,55.,.55)
• •					
Total other financing					
sources (uses)	950,610		<u> </u>		(3,693,085)
Net changes in fund balances	512,299	59,868	_	-	1,564,584
Beginning fund balances	6,972,339	(68,063)		·	49,307,967
Ending fund balances	\$ 7,484,638	\$ (8,195)	\$	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 50,872,551

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Balance Sheet Transportation Fund Accounts December 31, 2010

	County Highway	County Bridge	Matching Tax	Motor Fuel Tax	Highway Special Projects	Highway Equipment Trust	Township Motor Fuel Tax	Township Bridge Fund	Highway Payroll Fund	Total Transportation Fund
ASSETS				e.						
Cash	\$ 586	\$ 34	\$ 47	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 667
Equity in cash and investment pool Accounts receivable	8,507,165	4,419,127	5,717,806	5,314,672 232,764	8,235,224	329,990 435	1,053,046 67,608	-	341,176	33,918,206 300,807
Taxes receivable	2,556,356	1,019,608	1,390,041	202,101			07,000		-	4,966,005
Interest receivable Due from other funds	11,216 238,854	5,444 (5,121)	6,702 861	7,896 79,583	12,140	712 70,461	1,413 (53,474)		(218,393)	45,523 112,771
Total assets	\$ 11,314,177	\$ 5,439,092	\$ 7,115,457	\$ 5,634,915	\$ 8,247,364	\$ 401,598	\$ 1,068,593	\$ -	\$ 122,783	\$ 39,343,979
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANC	E									
Accounts payable Accrued salaries	\$ 184,960 -	\$ 228,644	\$ 73,949	\$ 6,108	\$ 402,008	\$ 50,819	\$ 65,211	\$ -	\$ - 122,783	\$ 1,011,699 122,783
Deferred income	2,556,356	1,019,608	1,390,041		·	-	· ·	_	122,700	4,966,005
Total liabilities	2,741,316	1,248,252	1,463,990	6,108	402,008	50,819	65,211		122,783	6,100,487
Fund balances					1					
Restricted	8,572,861	4,190,840	5,651,467	5,628,807	7,845,356	350,779	1,003,382		<u> </u>	33,243,492
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 11,314,177	\$ 5,439,092	\$ 7,115,457	\$ 5,634,915	\$ 8,247,364	\$ 401,598	\$ 1,068,593	\$ -	\$ 122,783	\$ 39,343,979

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Transportation Fund Accounts For the year ended December 31, 2010

	County Highway	County Bridge	Matching Tax	Motor Fuel Tax	Highway Special Projects	Highway Equipment Trust	Township Motor Fuel Tax	Township Bridge Fund	Highway Payroll Fund	Total Transportation Fund
REVENUES									***	
Property taxes	\$ 2,554,297	\$ 1,019,187	\$ 1,389,113	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,962,597
Motor fuel tax	-	·		4,062,185	. =	_	994,215	-	-	5,056,400
Licenses, permits, fines,										
fees and services	11,904	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2,072	-	6,434	· -	-		20,410
Revenue from local agencies	34,619	-		· · · · · -		390,901		_	-	425,520
Earnings on investments	44,210	21,120	25,330	30,425	47,658	3,246	5,478	<u> </u>		177,467
	2,645,030	1,040,307	1,414,443	4,094,682	47,658	400,581	999,693	_	-	10,642,394
EXPENDITURES						-				
Transportation	2,416,780	730,901	610,347	2,407,842	1,264,601	633,049	850,087	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	8,913,607
	2,416,780	730,901	610,347	2,407,842	1,264,601	633,049	850,087		-	8,913,607
Excess of revenues over (under)	<u></u>									0,010,001
expenditures	228,250	309,406	804,096	1,686,840	(1,216,943)	(232,468)	149,606	_	_	1,728,787
·		000,100		1,000,010	(1,210,010)	(202,400)	140,000			1,120,101
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers-out	(565,650)	•	* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(2,900,000)						(2.405.050)
Total other financing sources (uses)		. 		(2,900,000)		_				(3,465,650)
Total other infalleng sources (uses)	(303,030)		`. 	(2,900,000)	<u>-</u>		-		-	(3,465,650)
	(007.400)	000,100								
Net changes in fund balances	(337,400)	309,406	804,096	(1,213,160)	(1,216,943)	(232,468)	149,606	- *	- ·	(1,736,863)
Designate Annal Instrument	0.040.004	0.004.404	4.047.074	0.044.007	0.000.000	500 0 47	0.00			
Beginning fund balances	8,910,261	3,881,434	4,847,371	6,841,967	9,062,299	583,247	853,776		-	34,980,355
								2.		
Ending fund balances	<u>\$ 8,572,861</u>	\$ 4,190,840	\$ 5,651,467	\$ 5,628,807	\$ 7,845,356	\$ 350,779	\$ 1,003,382	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,243,492

ASSETS	Social Security	Retirement Fund	Sale and Error	Indemnity	Recorder's Office Escrow	Trustee Demolition Fund	Tourism Fund	Metro-East Park & Recreation	Veteran's Assistance	Office on Aging
Cash Equity in cash and investment pool Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Interest receivable Prepaid expenditures	\$ 92 5,360,872 14,037 2,761,745 6,029	\$ 163 4,707,059 20,444 4,863,311 4,171	\$ 298,150 390,606 54,396	\$ 141,280 999,280 31,763	\$ - 1,228,425 - - 1,725	\$ 657,226 1,805,994 305,476 2,830	\$ - 41,290 1,082 - 58	\$ - 3,314,837 181,583 - 5,104	\$ 11 202,171 - 326,421	\$ - 46,749 7,694
Due from other funds	78,499	13,313			100		· :		2,567	· <u>-</u>
Total assets	\$ 8,221,274	\$ 9,608,461	\$ 743,692	\$ 1,172,323	\$ 1,230,250	\$ 2,771,526	\$ 42,430	\$ 3,501,524	\$ 531,170	\$ 54,443
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities										
Accounts payable Accrued salaries Accrued payroll related costs	\$ - - 153,164	\$ - 323,205	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 5,591	\$ 47,072	\$ -	\$ 22,934 3,053	\$ 8,337 3,251	\$ 7,026 150
Due to other funds Deferred income	2,761,745	4,863,311	54,397	31,763		357,130 305,476	- - - -	·	100,000 326,421	47,275 -
Total liabilities	2,914,909	5,186,516	54,397	31,763	<u>5,591</u>	709,678	· <u>·</u> ··································	25,987	438,009	54,451
Fund balances Restricted	5,306,365	4,421,945	689,295	1,140,560	1,224,659	2,061,848	42,430	3,475,537	93,161	(8)
Total fund balance	5,306,365	4,421,945	689,295	1,140,560	1,224,659	2,061,848	42,430	3,475,537	93,161	(8)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 8,221,274	\$ 9,608,461	\$ 743,692	\$ 1,172,323	\$ 1,230,250	\$ 2,771,526	\$ 42,430	\$ 3,501,524	\$ 531,170	\$ 54,443

								Cou	ounts	
ASSETS	General Grants	County Health	Landfill Surcharge	Mental Health	Civil Defense Emergency	Emergency Telephone System	Pet Population	Court Automation	Court Document Storage	Circuit Clerk Title IV-D BSCE
Cash Equity in cash and investment pool Accounts receivable Taxes receivable Interest receivable	\$ - 78,801 89,082 -	\$ 1,769 2,400,439 1,380,976 575,822 2,853	\$ - 11,386,015 259,942 - 17,678	\$ 1,576 2,055,407 - 2,259,276 2,204	\$ - 383,796 - - 513	\$ 500 2,914,807 276,856 - 4,653	\$ - 186,230 - - 221	\$ 15,416 130,851 - - 92	\$ 39,790 131,329 - - 166	\$ - 48,461 22,723
Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds Total assets	2,887 \$ 170,770	19,669 41,720 \$ 4,423,248	376,644 \$ 12,040,279	11,946 \$ 4,330,409	\$ 384,309	11,195 \$ 3,208,011	\$ 186,451	41,906 \$ 188,265	34,315 \$ 205,600	\$ 71,248
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities								•		
Accounts payable Accrued salaries Accrued payroll related costs	\$ 227,941 4,891 -	\$ 233,907 97,311	\$ 112,871 162,094	\$ 283,592 6,895	\$ - -	\$ 39,687 17,827	\$ 1,037 - -	\$ 86 8,945	\$ 14,305 10,422	\$ 24 4,226
Due to other funds Deferred income Total liabilities	59,686 6,986 299,504	5,212 747,434 1,083,864	2,102 	2,259,276 2,549,763	-	3,038		11,709 	24,727	4,250
Fund balances	(400 70 ()	0.000.00	44 700 0 : 5	4 500 0 -	•					
Restricted Total fund balance	<u>(128,734)</u> <u>(128,734)</u>	3,339,384 3,339,384	11,763,212 11,763,212	<u>1,780,646</u> <u>1,780,646</u>	384,309 384,309	3,147,459 3,147,459	<u>185,414</u> <u>185,414</u>	<u>167,525</u> <u>167,525</u>	<u>180,873</u> <u>180,873</u>	66,998 66,998
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 170,770	\$ 4,423,248	\$ 12,040,279	\$ 4,330,409	\$ 384,309	\$ 3,208,011	\$ 186,451	\$ 188,265	\$ 205,600	\$ 71,248

		Court Ser	vices Accounts	(continued)						
	Maintenance/			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		State's				
	Child				Total	Attorney	Childrens	ACCS	State's	
	Support	Custody	Law		Court	Title IV-D	Advocacy	State's	Attorney	Probation
ACCETO	Collection	Exchange	Library	Bailiff	Services	BSCE	Center	Attorney	Forfeiture	Services
ASSETS Cash	•	•						-		
Equity in cash and investment pool	1 922 027	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,704	\$ 104,910	\$ -	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,515
Accounts receivable	1,823,027	2,348	223,169	772,152	3,131,337	(6,184)	53,101	42,193	11,165	1,205,131
Taxes receivable	· _		·		22,723	162,150		. •	•	-
Interest receivable	2,387	22	255	1,172	4,158	_	62,350 63	63	16	1 662
Prepaid expenditures	-,	_		.,.,2	-		0.5	- 03	- 10	1,663
Due from other funds	250	<u> </u>	1,356	21,684	99,511	· -			·	31,825
Total assets	\$ 1,825,664	\$ 2,370	\$ 224,780	\$ 844,712	\$ 3,362,639	\$ 155,966	\$ 115,516	\$ 42,256	\$ 11,181	\$ 1,256,134
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,921	\$ 328	\$ 27,664	\$ 58	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ 8,632
Accrued salaries	1,034	<u>.</u>	431	58,836	83,894	14,207	·	-	=	19,029
Accrued payroll related costs		·	-	·	· -	<u>-</u>	· · ·	_		
Due to other funds	-	*. -	- ·	-	11,709	85,054	-	·		<u>-</u>
Deferred income						23,050	62,350		<u> </u>	
Total liabilities	1,034		13,352	59,164	123,267	122,369	62,350			27,661
Fund balances										
Restricted	1,824,630	2,370	211,428	785,548	3,239,372	33,597	53,166	42,256	11,181	1,228,473
Total fund balance	1,824,630	2,370	211,428	785,548	3,239,372	33,597	53,166	42,256	11,181	1,228,473
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,825,664	\$ 2,370	\$ 224,780	\$ 844,712	\$ 3,362,639	\$ 155,966	\$ 115,516	\$ 42,256	\$ 11,181	\$ 1,256,134

										cement and ion Grants
	Mental			County	Sheriff's	Sheriff's			Victim	Domestic Violence
	Health Court	Detention Home	Coroner's Fund	Drug Traffic Prevention	DUI Fund	Asset Forfeiture	Commissary Fund	Jail Medical	Witness Grant	Advocate Grant
ASSETS Cash	\$ 783	\$ 15	\$ -	\$ 435	\$ 836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 315	\$ -	\$ -
Equity in cash and investment pool Accounts receivable	25,930		9,979	181,773	17,128	212,003	38,205	174 -	6,720 13,750	13,983 10,885
Taxes receivable Interest receivable	- 64	432,783	2	264	77	286		3	19	- 17
Prepaid expenditures Due from other funds		30,202	·		2,819	· <u> </u>	1,168	.·· <u>-</u>	-	- -
Total assets	\$ 26,777	\$ 1,076,978	\$ 9,981	\$ 182,472	\$ 20,860	\$ 212,289	\$ 39,373	\$ 492	\$ 20,489	\$ 24,885
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities										
Accounts payable Accrued salaries	\$ 70 1,999		\$ 1,243 -	\$ 356 4,231	\$ 3,979	\$ 3,219 492	\$ 26,088	\$ -	\$ - 1,719	\$ - 1,277
Accrued payroll related costs	-		·	<u> -</u>	•	702	-		1,719	1,277
Due to other funds Deferred income	<u>-</u>	31,936 432,783	<u> </u>	6,785	·	- -	61,730 -		16,935	9,302 -
Total liabilities	2,069	518,159	1,243	23,465	3,979	3,711	87,818	-	18,654	10,579
Fund balances		•								
Restricted	24,708		<u>8,738</u>	<u>159,007</u>	16,881	208,578	(48,445)		<u>1,835</u>	<u>14,306</u>
Total fund balance	24,708	558,819	8,738	159,007	16,881	208,578	(48,445)	492	1,835	14,306
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 26,777	\$ 1,076,978	\$ 9,981	\$ 182,472	\$ 20,860	\$ 212,289	\$ 39,373	\$ 492	\$ 20,489	\$ 24,885

	Law Enfor					
				Total		
			DUI/Alcohol	Law	Total	
	Project	Auto	Traffic	Enforcement &	All Nonmajor	
	Renee Grant	Task Force Grant	Safety Grant	Prosecution	Governmental	
ASSETS		Grant	Grant	Grants	Funds	
Cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,225,578	
Equity in cash and investment pool	(1,739)	(3,536)	24.886	40.314	42,645,124	
Accounts receivable	122,632	9,766	34,172	191,205	3,432,651	
Taxes receivable	· -	-	- 1,		11,281,708	
Interest receivable	· -		30	. 66	55,943	
Prepaid expenditures	_	· · · · -	-	-	19.669	
Due from other funds		1,653		1,653	706,049	
Total assets	\$ 120,893	\$ 7,883	\$ 59,088	\$ 233,238	\$ 59,366,722	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 26,004	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26.004	\$ 1,086,559	
Accrued salaries	17,435	5,138	1,365	26,934	500,447	
Accrued payroll related costs	, -		_		476,369	
Due to other funds	112,399	17,801	58,981	215,418	987,075	
Deferred income	<u>-</u>	-	-	,	11,887,085	
Total liabilities	155,838	22,939	60,346	268,356	14,937,535	
					1 1,007,000	
Fund balances						
Restricted	(34,945)	(15,056)	(1,258)	(35,118)	44,429,187	
Total fund balance	(34,945)	(15,056)	(1,258)	(35,118)	44,429,187	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 120,893	\$ 7,883	\$ 59,088	\$ 233,238	\$ 59,366,722	

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

REVENUES	Social Security	Retirement Fund	Sale and Error	Indemnity	Recorders Office Escrow	Trustee Demolition Fund	Tourism Fund	Metro-East Park & Recreation	Veterans Assistance	Office on Aging
Property taxes	\$ 2,758,481	\$ 4,853,696	¢	\$ -	•	\$ -	•		A 005 0 47	
Hotel/motel tax	Ψ 2,130, 4 01	Ψ 4,000,090	Ψ -	Ψ -	, a	a -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 325,947	\$ -
Licenses, permits, fines,			_		· · · -	-	14,204	-	-	. •
fees and services	_	_	503,170	213,160	222,283			4,309		
Revenue from federal/state agencies	-	_	-		-	-	_	20,284		84,592
Revenue from local agencies	- ,	tara jar	-	_	<u>-</u>	712,362	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,486,992	_	04,592
Earnings on investments	22,762	14,420	2,002	(200)	6,796	11,610	233	20,359	22	
Miscellaneous revenues	·		·	` <u>-</u> .	· ′ -	-	-		63	· -
	2,781,243	4,868,116	505,172	212,960	229,079	723,972	14,437	1,531,944	326,032	84,592
EXPENDITURES						-				01,002
General government	2,073,762	4,446,593	209,200	_	320,948	1,249,054	10,000	1,769,926	307,260	84,600
Public safety	-				-	.,,_,	.0,000	- 1,100,020	-	04,000
Public health	-		-	-		· •		-		_
Judicial	-		·		-				_	· <u>-</u>
	2,073,762	4,446,593	209,200		320,948	1,249,054	10,000	1,769,926	307,260	84,600
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	707,481	421,523	295,972	212,960	(91,869)	(525,082)	4,437	(237,982)	18,772	(8)
								(,	
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers-in	-	384,271	-	<u>-</u>		_		-	. <u>-</u>	_
Operating transfers-out	(64,350)	(91,960)	<u>-</u>	(138,050)		-		-	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(64,350)	292,311		(138,050)	-		_		-	
Net changes in fund balances	643,131	713,834	295,972	74,910	(91,869)	(525,082)	4,437	(237,982)	18,772	(8)
Beginning fund balances	4,663,234	3,708,111	393,323	1,065,650	1,316,528	2,586,930	37,993	3,713,519	74,389	-
Ending fund balances	\$ 5,306,365	\$ 4,421,945	\$ 689,295	\$ 1,140,560	\$ 1,224,659	\$ 2,061,848	\$ 42,430	\$ 3,475,537	\$ 93,161	\$ (8)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

								Cou	rt Services Acc	ounts
REVENUES	General Grants	County Health	Landfill Surcharge	Mental Health	Civil Defense Emergency	Emergency Telephone System	Pet Population	Court Automation	Court Document Storage	Circuit Clerk Title IV-D BSCE
Property taxes	\$ -	¢ 575.050	•	A 0.050.050		_	_			
Hotel/motel tax	. . -	\$ 575,053	\$ -	\$ 2,259,356	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, fines,			- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
fees and services		291,813	1,133,842			2 002 074	40 400	100.044	504.000	
Revenue from federal/state agencies	1,035,187	4,765,249	1,100,042	74,504	-	2,093,974	46,433	433,241	504,886	447.504
Revenue from local agencies	- 1,000,101	469,598		74,504	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	-	-	· -	117,524
Earnings on investments	-	11,133	70,845	8,304	2,016	17,791	914	417	706	-
Miscellaneous revenues	-	-	-	-	2,010	11,481	514	417	700	277
	1,035,187	6,112,846	1,204,687	2,342,164	2,016	2,123,246	47,347	433,658	505,592	117 901
EXPENDITURES					2,010	2,120,240	47,547	433,036	505,592	117,801
General government	211,060	_	906,429							
Public safety	525,340		300,423	-	-	2,429,023	12,031	-	•	-
Public health	398,146	5,889,138	2,182,432	2,394,036		2,429,023	12,031	-	-	-
Judicial	7,768		Z, (OZ, 10Z	2,004,000	· -	<u>-</u>	-	<u>306,950</u>	460,350	117,737
	1,142,314	5,889,138	3,088,861	2,394,036		2,429,023	12,031			
Excess of revenues over (under)				2,004,000		2,429,023	12,031	306,950	460,350	117,737
expenditures	(107,127)	223,708	(1,884,174)	(51,872)	2,016	(305,777)	25.246	400 700	45.040	
	(107,127)	223,700	(1,004,174)	(31,672)	2,010	(305,777)	35,316	126,708	45,242	64
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers-in	10,822	_								
Operating transfers-out	10,022	-		(35,739)	. * . * · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-	• • •	- ,	9,063
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,822							-		-
rotal other interioring sources (uses)	10,022			(35,739)	_					9,063
Net changes in fund balances	(96,305)	223,708	(1,884,174)	(87,611)	2.046	(20E 777)	25.242	400.700	47.0.0	- 4
Beginning fund balances		=		•	2,016	(305,777)	35,316	126,708	45,242	9,127
Dogmining fully balances	(32,429)	3,115,676	13,647,386	1,868,257	382,293	3,453,236	150,098	40,817	135,631	57,871
Ending fund balances	\$ (128,734)	\$ 3,339,384	\$ 11,763,212	\$ 1,780,646	\$ 384,309	\$ 3,147,459	\$ 185,414	\$ 167,525	\$ 180,873	\$ 66,998

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

		Court Ser	vices Accounts	(continued)						
	Maintenance/ Child					State's Attorney	Childrens	ACCS	State's	
	Support	Custody	Law		Total	Title IV-D	Advocacy	State's	Attorney	Probation
	Collection	Exchange	Library	Bailiff	Court Services	BSCE	Center	Attorney	Forfeiture	Services
REVENUES						-				
Property taxes Hotel/motel tax	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 62,363	\$ -	\$ -	\$
Licenses, permits, fines,								-	·	_
fees and services	114,921	91,104	237,998	1,148,236	2,530,386	<u>-</u> -		11,736	14,113	403,514
Revenue from federal/state agencies	<u>-</u>	-	· -	_	117,524	691,993			17,110	179,352
Revenue from local agencies	· - · ·		-		-	-	· _	-	_	288,166
Earnings on investments	9,331	80	930	4,728	16,469	_	256	257	66	6,572
Miscellaneous revenues			-	<u>-</u>	· -	<u>-</u> ,:	-	-	-	-
	124,252	91,184	238,928	1,152,964	2,664,379	691,993	62,619	11,993	14,179	877,604
EXPENDITURES							1	,,,,,,		
General government	· •	_	.	ing a single of the single of	_	_	_		_	
Public safety	<u>-</u> :	· .	· . -	1,254,097	1,254,097	-		_	·	851,067
Public health	_	. •		-	-	· · ·		_	<u> </u>	001,007
Judicial	46,987	92,325	<u>173,795</u>		1,198,144	609,373	65,000	18,000	2,998	- -
	46,987	92,325	173,795	1,254,097	2,452,241	609,373	65,000	18,000	2,998	851,067
Excess of revenues over (under)	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *							10,000	2,000	
expenditures	77,265	(1,141)	65,133	(101,133)	212,138	82,620	(2,381)	(6,007)	11,181	26,537
Other financing accuracy (comes)										
Other financing sources (uses)										
Operating transfers-in Operating transfers-out		-	··		9,063	-		· -		-
				-		 .	·			(34,366)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	•		9,063		·····			(34,366)
Net changes in fund balances	77,265	(1,141)	65,133	(101,133)	221,201	82,620	(2,381)	(6,007)	11,181	(7,829)
Beginning fund balances	1,747,365	3,511	146,295	886,681	3,018,171	(49,023)	55,547	48,263		1,236,302
Ending fund balances	\$ 1,824,630	\$ 2,370	\$ 211,428	\$ 785,548	\$ 3,239,372	\$ 33,597	\$ 53,166	\$ 42,256	\$ 11,181	\$ 1,228,473

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

Law Enforcement and **Prosecution Grants** Domestic Mental County Sheriff's Sheriff's Victim Violence Health Detention **Drug Traffic** Coroner's DUI Asset Commissary Jail Witness Advocate Court Home Fund Prevention Fund Forfeiture fund Medical Grant Grant REVENUES Property taxes \$ 432,160 \$ Hotel/motel tax Licenses, permits, fines, fees and services 16,059 9,978 26,723 18.863 136,623 191,366 3,765 Revenue from federal/state agencies 1.004.023 108,110 28,200 37,228 Revenue from local agencies 10,471 16,903 Earnings on investments 282 3,160 3 1,076 347 1,126 6 9 87 74 Miscellaneous revenues 16,341 1,449,814 9,981 135,909 19.210 191,372 154,652 3,774 28,287 37,302 **EXPENDITURES** General government Public safety 1,620,239 1,243 181,887 79,832 160,569 250,216 3,529 Public health Judicial 38,119 44,871 38,707 38,119 1,620,239 1,243 181,887 79,832 160,569 250,216 3,529 44,871 38,707 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (21,778)(170,425)8,738 (45,978)(60,622)(5,917)(58,844)245 (16,584)(1,405)Other financing sources (uses) Operating transfers-in 27,775 19,926 15,813 Operating transfers-out Total other financing sources (uses) 27,775 19,926 15.813 Net changes in fund balances (21,778)(170,425)8,738 (18,203)(60,622)(5,917)(58,844)245 3,342 14,408 Beginning fund balances 46,486 729,244 177,210 77,503 214,495 10,399 247 (1,507)(102)Ending fund balances 24,708 558,819 8,738 159,007 16,881 208,578 (48,445)492 1,835 14,306

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Law Enfo	orcement and Pr	osecution Grant	s (continued)				
				Total				
	Project Renee Grant	Auto Task Force Grant	DUI/Alcohol Traffic Safety Grant	Law Enforcement & Prosecution Grants	Total All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Budgetary	Final	
REVENUES	Grant	Giant	Giant	Grants	rungs	Basis	Budget	
Property taxes Hotel/motel tax Licenses, permits, fines,	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 11,267,056 14,204	\$ 11,881,056 14,338	\$ 11,539,751 14,000	
fees and services		_	•		7,872,110	8,287,792	15,687,662	
Revenue from federal/state agencies Revenue from local agencies	423,332	76,596	158,178	723,534	8,804,352 2,984,492	8,544,990 2,668,803	11,297,870	
Earnings on investments	-	•	117	278	218,914	2,000,003	890,100	
Miscellaneous revenues	<u>-</u>		-		11,544	11,544	1.057	
	423,332	76,596	158,295	723,812	31,172,672	31,645,925	40,150,440	
EXPENDITURES								
General government	·· -	· .	-	-	11,588,832	10,705,378	18,122,878	
Public safety	372,330	96,300	134,810	603,440	7,972,513	8,353,753	22,112,981	
Public health	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	10,863,752	11,272,716	12,255,280	
Judicial	159,767	-		243,345	2,182,747	1,974,483	<u>4,594,342</u>	
	532,097	96,300	134,810	846,785	32,607,844	32,306,330	57,085,481	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(108,765)	(19,704)	23,485	(122,973)	(1,435,172)	(660,405)	(16,935,041)	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers-in Operating transfers-out	107,591	20,071	-	163,401 -	595,332 (364,465)	595,333 (208,155)	180,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	107,591	20,071		163,401	230,867	387,178	180,000	
Net changes in fund balances	(1,174)	367	23,485	40,428	(1,204,305)	\$ (273,227)	\$ (16,755,041)	
Beginning fund balances	(33,771)	(15,423)	(24,743)	(75,546)	45,633,492			
Ending fund balances	\$ (34,945)	\$ (15,056)	\$ (1,258)	\$ (35,118)	\$ 44,429,187	\$ (273,227)	\$ (16,755,041)	

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Balance Sheet Internal Service Funds December 31, 2010

		_		mployee Medical rust Fur			nployment Trust	 Total
ASSETS								
Cash			\$		25	\$	-	\$ 25
Equity in cash and investn Accounts receivable Interest receivable	nent pool				,862 5,186 7,355		838,452 - 1,402	4,578,314 256,186 8,757
Due from other funds					,970	· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>		 6,970
Total assets				4,010	,398	· 	839,854	4,850,252
LIABILITIES								
Accrued salaries				5	,674		-	5,674
Accrued payroll related co	sts				-		27,744	27,744
Due to other funds				11	,695			11,695
Other liabilities				1,405	,363		-	1,405,363
Deferred income				76	,444	-	_	 76,444
Total liabilities			<u></u>	1,499	,176	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	27,744	1,526,920
NET ASSETS			\$	2,511	,222	\$	812,110	\$ 3,323,332

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Employees' Medical Trust Fund	Unemployment Trust	Total
Devenue			
Revenues Insurance premiums	\$ 9,062,920	\$	\$ 9,062,920
Total revenue	9,062,920	-	9,062,920
Expenses			
Insurance claims and premiums	10,631,232	249,288	10,880,520
Post employment benefit contribution	289,172	-	289,172
Other	459,869	1,391	461,260
Total expenses	11,380,273	250,679	11,630,952
Operating income (loss)	(2,317,353)	(250,679)	(2,568,032)
Other income			
Investment income	30,668	5,792	36,460
Miscellaneous	3,220	_	3,220
	33,888	5,792	39,680
Net income (loss)	(2,283,465)	(244,887)	(2,528,352)
Net assets - beginning of year	4,794,687	1,056,997	5,851,684
Net assets - end of year	\$ 2,511,222	\$ 812,110	\$ 3,323,332

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the year ended December 31, 2010

	Employees' Medical Trust Fund	Unemployment Trust	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Payments from customers	\$ 1.337.448	\$ -	Φ 4.007.440
Payments from interfund services provided	\$ 1,337,448 7,666,303	Φ -	\$ 1,337,448
Payments to vendors	(10,743,043)	(358,557)	7,666,303 (11,101,600)
Payments to employees	(146,914)	(336,337)	(146,914)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(1,886,206)	(250 557)	
Net cash provided (asea) by operating activities	(1,000,200)	(358,557)	(2,244,763)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
RELATED I MANOING ACTIVITIES	1		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Investment interest	33,260	6,423	39,683
Redemption (purchases) of investments, net	1,852,946	352,134	2,205,080
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	1,886,206	358,557	2,244,763
tret each provided (deed) by investing delivines	1,000,200	330,331	2,244,703
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		· .	- ·
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	25	<u>-</u>	25
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 25	\$ -	\$ 25

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds (continued) For the year ended December 31, 2010

		Employees' Medical Trust Fund	Une	mployment Trust		Total
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$	(2,314,133)	\$	(250,679)	\$	(2,564,812)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in due to other funds Increase (decrease) in accrued wages and		(204,196) (963)				(204,196) (963)
related costs Increase (decrease) in other liabilities Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		567 654,663 1,653		(107,878) - -		(107,311) 654,663 1,653
Increase (decrease) in deferred income		(23,797)		<u> </u>		(23,797)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(1,886,206)	\$	(358,557)	<u>\$</u>	(2,244,763)
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH FINANCING AND INVEST	ING A	ACTIVITIES				
Decrease in market value of investments	\$	200	\$	100	\$	300

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Balance Sheet Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds December 31, 2010

ASSETS		County Collector's roperty Tax Fund		County Trustee	and D	Redemption I Revolving relinquent x Accounts		Circuit Clerk Traffic		nclaimed Bond lacement		Inmate Personal Accounts	A	rbitration Fund		eritance Tax	Condemnation Fund
Cash Investments	\$	1,106,713	\$	267,112	\$	563,033	\$	1,173,468 1,357,141	\$	-	\$	115,530	\$	·	\$. 2	\$ -
Equity in cash and investment pool Accounts receivable		2,600,816		-		- -		1,337,141		111,056		-		12,800		405	2,007,873
Interest receivable		4,312						<u> </u>								· -	4,417
Total assets	\$	3,711,841	\$	267,112	\$	563,033	\$	2,530,609	\$	111,056	\$	115,530	<u>\$</u>	12,800	\$	405	\$ 2,012,290
LIABILITIES														•			
Accounts payable	\$		S	_	\$	45,990	\$		g.	_	\$	· · · · <u>-</u>	. \$	_	¢	_	c
Due to taxing districts	. Ψ	492,412	Ψ	_	Ψ.	40,000	Ψ	_	. Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ -
Held pending protested tax settlement		2,600,365				_		-				_					
Funds held in escrow		619,064		267,112		517,043	_	2,530,609	-	111,056		115,530		12,800		405	2,012,290
Total liabilities	\$	3,711,841	\$_	267,112	<u>\$</u>	563,033	\$	2,530,609	\$	111,056	\$	115,530	\$	12,800	\$	405	\$ 2,012,290

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Combining Balance Sheet Fiduciary Funds - Agency Funds December 31, 2010

	De	states of eceased ersons	County Escheat		Р	wnship auper Relief	Flood Prevention District		Total	
ASSETS										
Cash	\$, · · -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,225,856	
Investments		<u>-</u>		-				-	1,357,141	
Equity in cash and investment pool		58,565		8,588		-	2	40,547	5,040,650	
Accounts receivable		-		-		-	1,4	74,574	1,474,574	
Interest receivable		81		11				2,467	 11,288	
·										
Total assets	\$	58,646	\$	8,599	<u>\$</u>		\$ 1,7	17,588	\$ 11,109,509	
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$ 45,990	
Due to taxing districts		_ `							492,412	
Held pending protested tax settlement				·		_		· _	2,600,365	
Funds held in escrow	· <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>	58,646		8,599		-	1,7	17,588	7,970,742	
	-		-							
Total liabilities	\$	58,646	\$	8,599	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 1,7	17,588	\$ 11,109,509	

STATISTICAL SECTION

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Governmental-wide Expenses by Function

(in thousands) (unaudited)

	2010)	2	2009	 2008	 2007		2006*	 2005*	 2004*	 2003*
Governmental activities General government	\$ 21	,451	\$	16,133	\$ 15,976	\$ 15,607	\$	16,811	\$ 15,464	\$ 16,609	\$ 14,026
Public safety	33	,139		32,692	31,560	30,493		31,353	27,437	25,578	24,253
Judicial	11	,697		11,446	10,720	10,930		9,553	10,096	9,968	9,814
Transportation	10	,805		7,101	8,677	9,836		9,265	8,412	9,339	9,977
Public health	14	,034		12,066	12,047	9,693		9,281	8,637	8,865	8,149
Interest on long-term debt	91	802 ,928		823 80,261	 839 79,819	 874 77,433		896 77,159	 912 70,958	 1,032 71,391	 1,135 67,354
Business-type activities Airport operations	18	,797		19,176	 20,717	 19,196		18,294	 17,134	 15,257	 16,797
	\$ 110	,725	\$	99,437	\$ 100,536	\$ 96,629	<u>\$</u>	95,453	\$ 88,092	\$ 86,648	\$ 84,151

^{*}Airport operation expenses have been restated to reflect the transfer of certain assets to the Air Force.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Government-wide Revenues

(in thousands) (Unaudited)

	2010		2009	 2008		2007		2006	 2005		2004		2003
Governmental activities													
Property taxes	\$ 33,601	\$	33,245	\$ 32,072	\$	31,787	\$	27.845	\$ 26,130	\$	24,884	\$	21,489
Sales taxes	8,594		7,303	7,760		8,109		7,905	7,526	·	7,246	·	7,012
State income tax	4,380)	4,983	6,034		5,961		5,493	5,042		4,373		4,445
Personal property											•		•
replacement tax	2,543	1	2,422	2,748		2,968		2,439	2,616		1,661		1,484
Hotel/motel tax	14		15	15		16		16	16		15		14
Pari-mutuel tax	114		124	137		144		139	100		174		160
Charges for goods and services	25,342		25,461	25,246		27,144		25,024	23,404		23,396		21,820
Operating grants and													
contributions	13,686		14,263	16,744		10,932		10,759	12,757		10,475		11,068
Motor fuel tax	5,056		4,791	4,643		4,959		5,033	5,055		4,947		4,847
Capital grants and													
contributions	3,430		229	2,656		163		4,071	1,703		1,691		554
Earnings on investments	1,924		2,284	6,397		9,614		8,519	4,659		3,148		3,015
Miscellaneous	30		(18)	 4		71		74	 212		177		150
	98,714	· -	95,102	 104,456		101,868	_	97,317	 89,220		82,187		76,058
Business-type activities													
Charges for goods and services	3,166		2,139	5,164		4,909		5,031	3,573		2,021		2,413
Operating grants and								•	•		,-		-,
contributions	3,043		2,954	421		552		70	10		281		-
Capital grants and													
contributions	388		747	389		282		336	4,216		6,274		554
Earnings on investments	157		220	1,991		2,816		1,999	1,188		789		876
Miscellaneous			16	 (630)		(63)		(47)	 				
	6,754		6,076	 7,335	 	8,496		7,389	 8,987		9,365		3,843
	\$ 105,468	<u>\$</u>	101,178	\$ 111,791	\$	110,364	\$	104,706	\$ 98,207	\$	91,552	\$	79,901

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Government Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds* Budgetary Basis (unaudited)

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
General government	\$ 40,667,979	\$ 37,457,205	\$ 40,813,403	\$ 38,134,268	\$ 35,485,814	\$ 33,921,853	\$ 31,697,903	\$ 28,652,045	\$ 28,317,579	\$ 25,571,936
Transportation	9,407,154	9,314,965	12,839,138	12,072,259	7,096,166	6,393,458	7,427,942	9,382,680	11,221,596	10,687,496
Public health	11,344,650	10,610,128	10,171,816	9,412,283	8,760,260	8,210,728	8,364,157	7,902,977	7,707,036	8,042,327
Public safety	21,237,430	28,660,663	22,051,893	21,621,342	21,808,729	22,646,821	19,536,552	17,380,538	15,661,197	14,440,205
Judicial	6,842,081	7,307,985	6,907,125	6,495,973	6,532,644	6,122,224	6,292,457	6,185,946	6,303,278	5,951,808
Debt service	1,870,400	325,150	1,898,300	1,899,995	1,901,875	1,818,088	1,902,195	1,899,075	4,162,978	600,993
	\$ 91,369,694	\$ 93,676,096	\$ 94,681,675	\$ 89,636,120	\$ 81,585,488	\$ 79,113,172	\$ 75,221,206	\$ 71,403,261	\$ 73,373,664	\$ 65,294,765

^{*}Governmental funds include the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects fund types.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Government Revenues by Source All Governmental Funds* Budgetary Basis (Unaudited)

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003**	2002**	2001**
Property taxes	\$ 35,521,176	\$ 31,324,491	\$ 32,024,670	\$ 31,780,658	\$ 27,844,501	\$ 26,129,767	\$ 24,890,242	\$ 22,018,776	\$ 20,420,022	\$ 19,715,771
Sales tax	8,399,535	7,358,089	7,819,701	8,075,503	7,810,545	7,508,947	7,215,116	6,882,397	6,836,259	6,723,380
State income tax	3,808,188	4,667,969	6,279,718	5,793,035	5,384,277	4,921,825	4,463,504	3,926,727	4,180,109	5,069,646
Personal property						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,100,001	0,020,121	4,100,100	5,005,040
replacement tax	2,596,425	2,408,048	2,854,381	2,897,583	2,450,053	2,282,576	1,660,535	1,483,510	1,468,813	1,838,780
Hotel/motel tax	14,338	14,884	15,086	16,262	15,776	17,291	13,538	14,679	12,803	-
Pari-mutuel tax	116,035	123,077	135,155	144,130	141,545	150,217	171,226	164,678	151,266	146,283
Motor fuel tax	5,048,088	4,883,073	4,620,032	4,981,350	5,203,694	5,065,123	4,915,818	4,856,512	4,007,052	4,137,639
Revenue from federal/						-,,	.,5.10,010	1,000,012	1,007,002	4,107,000
state agencies	9,658,760	15,343,433	9,807,670	10,083,440	12,735,132	13,396,255	10,129,620	9,156,882	9,926,419	8,447,189
Revenue from local				, ,		,,	10,120,020	0,100,002	0,020,710	0,447,103
government	3,518,196	4,315,696	4,559,176	2,529,085	2,536,435	3,150,683	2,006,224	4,874,369	2,720,015	1,423,368
Licenses, permits, fines,				_,,	_,000,00	0,100,000	2,000,224	7,077,000	2,720,013	1,423,300
fees, and services	22,513,423	22,454,045	22,263,036	22,514,074	21,501,113	21,216,636	20,788,461	18.637.915	16,672,282	16,071,516
Earnings on investments	1,967,010	2,762,628	6,107,564	8,875,095	7,701,387	4,580,154	3,368,878	2,792,738	3,112,492	6,984,784
Miscellaneous revenues	921,966	63,629	310,976	879,302	328,300	390,759	216,892	521,627	322,666	700,028
			3.0,010		320,000	030,700		321,021	322,000	1,00,020
	\$ 94,083,140	\$ 95,719,062	\$ 96,797,166	\$ 98,569,517	\$ 93,652,758	\$ 88,810,233	\$ 79,840,054	\$ 75,330,810	£ 60.020.400	£ 74 0E0 204
	+ + 1,500,110	♥ 00,110,002	4 00,107,100	Ψ 30,303,317	Ψ 30,032,730	ψ 00,010,233	φ 19,040,034	\$ 10,330,810	\$ 69,830,198	\$ 71,258,384

^{*}Governmental funds include the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects fund types. **Interest associated with property taxes have be reclassified as earnings on investments.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Schedule 1

Net Assets by Component (Governmental Basis) (unaudited)

	2010	2009*	2008*	2007*	2006*	2005*	2004*	2003*
Governmental activities Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt Restricted	\$ 107,296,887 91,241,360	\$ 102,997,984 92,900,209	\$ 93,217,282 90,614,090	\$ 77,608,921 87,635,649	\$ 66,741,398 84,467,270	\$ 58,997,031 66,746,215	\$ 68,547,045 59,624,931	\$ 64,761,588 56,660,912
Unrestricted	69,767,384	69,619,435	73,764,953	76,727,911	72,902,512	84,132,930	68,868,619	67,851,845
Total governmental activities net assets	\$ 268,305,631	\$ 265,517,628	\$ 257,596,325	\$ 241,972,481	\$ 224,111,180	\$ 209,876,176	\$ 197,040,595	\$ 189,274,345
Business-type activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 107.043.726	\$ 110,589,303	\$ 97.855.349	\$ 95,242,618	\$ 118,993,869	\$ 120,475,916	\$ 119,797,619	\$ 117,787,718
Restricted Unrestricted	(11,809,561)	(7,311,746)	11,604,605	17,954,870	(1,670,361)	1,830,880	5,230,335	9,349,917
Total business-type activities								
net assets	\$ 95,234,165	\$ 103,277,557	\$ 109,459,954	\$ 113,197,488	\$ 117,323,508	<u>\$ 122,306,796</u>	\$ 125,027,954	\$ 127,137,635
Primary government Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt Restricted	\$ 214,340,613 91,241,360	\$ 213,587,287 92,900,209	\$ 191,072,631 102,218,695	\$ 172,851,539 105,590,519	\$ 185,735,267 84,467,270	\$ 179,472,947 68,577,095	\$ 188,344,664 64.855,266	\$ 182,549,3 06 66,010,829
Unrestricted	57,957,823	62,307,689	73,764,953	76,727,911	71,232,151	84,132,930	68,868,619	67,851,845
Total primary government	4 000 500 700	Ø 000 705 405	4 007 050 070	. 055 400 600	Ф 044 404 600	A 000 100 070	Ф 000 000 510	0.010.111.000
net assets	\$ 363,539,796	\$ 368,795,185	\$ 367,056,279	\$ 355,169,969	\$ 341,434,688	\$ 332,182,972	\$ 322,068,549	\$ 316,411,980

^{*}Restated for allocation of net assets

Assessed, Equalized, and Estimated Value of Taxable Property (in thousands) (unaudited)

Pacific Property Estimated actual value Series Se											
Estimated actual value \$14,171,085 \$14,082,061 \$13,208,217 \$11,933,253 \$10,870,998 \$10,018,888 \$9,125,202 \$8,471,436 \$7,902,498 \$7,519,095 \$1,000,000 \$10,000	•										
Estimated actual value \$14,171,085 \$14,082,061 \$13,208,217 \$11,933,253 \$10,870,998 \$10,018,888 \$9,125,202 \$8,471,436 \$7,902,498 \$7,519,095 \$1,000,000 \$10,000											
Estimated actual value \$14,171,085 \$14,082,061 \$13,208,217 \$11,933,253 \$10,870,998 \$10,018,888 \$9,125,202 \$8,471,436 \$7,902,498 \$7,519,095 \$1,000,000 \$10,000	Real property										
Equalized assessed values without railroads & TIFs \$ 4,219,235 \$ 4,158,036 \$ 3,929,800 \$ 3,584,928 \$ 3,283,062 \$ 3,024,878 \$ 2,731,285 \$ 2,542,003 \$ 2,386,224 \$ 2,275,444 Less: "1790" homestead exemption (397,721) (359,461) (321,333) (317,580) (314,218) (312,483) (215,820) (211,118) (205,780) (195,758) Senior citizen homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (32,590) P.A. 83-533 (161) (188) (181) (183) (180) (170) (178) (201) (238) (229) (249) (249) Senior citizen tax freeze (3,110) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (53,452) (37,727) (32,239) (23,986) (17,777) Veteran's exemption/freeze (4,408) (3,085) (1,187) (744) (531) (461) (409) (453) (438) (429) Other exemptions (3,599) (2,163) (814) (461) (609)		\$ 14,171,085	\$ 14,082,051	\$ 13,208,217	\$ 11,933,253	\$10,870,998	\$10,016,868	\$ 9,125,202	\$ 8,471,436	\$ 7,902,498	\$ 7,519,095
Equalized assessed values without railroads & TIFs \$ 4,219,235 \$ 4,158,036 \$ 3,929,800 \$ 3,584,928 \$ 3,283,062 \$ 3,024,878 \$ 2,731,285 \$ 2,542,003 \$ 2,386,224 \$ 2,275,444 Less: "1790" homestead exemption (397,721) (359,461) (321,333) (317,580) (314,218) (312,483) (215,820) (211,118) (205,780) (195,758) Senior citizen homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (32,590) P.A. 83-533 (161) (188) (181) (183) (180) (170) (178) (201) (238) (229) (249) (249) Senior citizen tax freeze (3,110) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (53,452) (37,727) (32,239) (23,986) (17,777) Veteran's exemption/freeze (4,408) (3,085) (1,187) (744) (531) (461) (409) (453) (438) (429) Other exemptions (3,599) (2,163) (814) (461) (609)											
Less: "1790" homestead exemption (397,721) (359,461) (321,333) (317,580) (314,218) (312,483) (215,820) (211,118) (205,780) (195,758) Senior citizem homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (229) (249) P.A. 83-533 (161) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (554,250) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,580) (229) (249	Locally assessed values	\$ 4,723,695	\$ 4,694,017	\$ 4,402,739	\$ 3,977,751	\$ 3,623,666	\$ 3,338,956	\$ 3,041,734	\$ 2,823,812	\$ 2,634,166	\$ 2,506,365
Less: "1790" homestead exemption (397,721) (359,461) (321,333) (317,580) (314,218) (312,483) (215,820) (211,118) (205,780) (195,758) Senior citizem homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (229) (249) P.A. 83-533 (161) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (554,250) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,580) (229) (249		*									
Less: "1790" homestead exemption (397,721) (359,461) (321,333) (317,580) (314,218) (312,483) (215,820) (211,118) (205,780) (195,758) Senior citizen homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (32,590) P.A. 83-533 (161) (80,747) (71,494) (83,853) (56,325) (53,462) (37,727) (32,239) (23,986) (17,777) Senior citizen tax freeze (83,110) (80,747) (71,494) (83,853) (56,325) (53,462) (37,727) (32,239) (23,986) (17,777) Veterar's exemption/freeze (4,406) (3,085) (1,187) (744) (531) (461) (409) (453) (453) (453) (429) (453) (429) (453) (453) (451) (461) (409) (453) (453) (451) (461) (409) (453) (453) (451) (4	Equalized assessed values										
"1790" homestead exemption (397,721) (359,461) (321,333) (317,580) (314,218) (312,483) (215,820) (211,118) (205,780) (195,758) Senior citizen homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (32,590) P.A. 83-533 (161) (188) (181) (183) (190) (178) (201) (238) (229) (249) Senior citizen tax freeze (83,110) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (53,452) (37,727) (32,239) (23,896) (17,777) Veteran's exemption/freeze (4,406) (3,085) (1,187) (744) (531) (461) (609)	without railroads & TIFs	\$ 4,219,235	\$ 4,158,036	\$ 3,929,800	\$ 3,584,928	\$ 3,283,062	\$ 3,024,878	\$ 2,731,285	\$ 2,542,003	\$ 2,386,224	\$ 2,275,444
"1790" homestead exemption (397,721) (359,461) (321,333) (317,580) (314,218) (312,483) (215,820) (211,118) (205,780) (195,758) Senior citizen homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (32,590) P.A. 83-533 (161) (188) (181) (183) (190) (178) (201) (238) (229) (249) Senior citizen tax freeze (83,110) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (53,452) (37,727) (32,239) (23,896) (17,777) Veteran's exemption/freeze (4,406) (3,085) (1,187) (744) (531) (461) (609)	Less:										
homestead exemption (71,693) (69,912) (60,552) (59,157) (50,351) (49,401) (33,908) (33,367) (32,558) (32,590) P.A. 83-533 (161) (188) (181) (183) (190) (178) (201) (238) (229) (249) (2		(397,721)	(359,461)	(321,333)	(317,580)	(314,218)	(312,483)	(215,820)	(211,118)	(205,780)	(195,758)
P.A. 83-533 (161) (188) (181) (183) (190) (178) (201) (238) (229) (249) Senior citizen tax freeze (83,110) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (53,452) (37,727) (32,239) (23,896) (17,777) (22,898) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (22,399) (23,896) (17,777) (23,299) (23,299) (23,	Senior citizen										
Senior citizen tax freeze (83,110) (80,747) (71,494) (63,853) (56,325) (53,452) (37,727) (32,239) (23,896) (17,777) Veteran's exemption/freeze (4,406) (3,085) (1,187) (744) (531) (461) (409) (453) (438) (429) Other exemptions (3,599) (2,163) (814) (461) (609)	•										
Veteran's exemption/freeze (4,406) (3,085) (1,187) (744) (531) (461) (409) (453) (438) (429) Other exemptions (3,599) (2,163) (814) (461) (609) -		, ,	, ,		, ,	, ,	, , ,				
Other exemptions (3,599) (2,163) (814) (461) (609) (569) (731) (636) (672) (750) (891) (1,017) (1,168) (1,373) Billing value before railroad a 3,658,075 (3,641,911) (3,473,508) (3,142,314) (2,860,166) (2,608,153) (2,442,329) (2,263,571) (2,122,155) (2,027,268) (2,631) (2,102)											• • •
Home improvement exemption (470) (569) (731) (636) (672) (750) (891) (1,017) (1,168) (1,373) Billing value before railroad Railroad equalized value 32,502 27,816 27,231 25,251 24,703 25,178 24,587 23,879 20,395 20,018 Total equalized real property used for taxes \$3,690,577 \$3,669,727 \$3,500,739 \$3,167,565 \$2,884,869 \$2,633,331 \$2,466,916 \$2,287,450 \$2,142,550 \$2,047,286 TIF/Enterprise zone values \$504,469 \$535,980 \$469,538 \$390,668 \$339,037 \$311,095 \$302,833 \$276,871 \$(240,761) \$(215,335)\$ Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-	•		•	• • •	(744)	(531)	(461)	(409)	(453)	(438)	(429)
Billing value before railroad Railroad equalized value 3,658,075 3,641,911 3,473,508 27,231 25,251 24,703 25,178 24,587 23,879 20,395 20,018 Total equalized real property used for taxes \$3,690,577 \$3,669,727 \$3,500,739 \$3,167,565 \$2,884,869 \$2,633,331 \$2,466,916 \$2,287,450 \$2,142,550 \$2,047,286 TIF/Enterprise zone values \$504,469 \$535,980 \$469,538 \$390,668 \$339,037 \$311,095 \$302,833 \$276,871 \$(240,761) \$(215,335)\$ Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			, ,	, ,	, ,	-	-	•		
Railroad equalized value 32,502 27,816 27,231 25,251 24,703 25,178 24,587 23,879 20,395 20,018 Total equalized real property used for taxes \$3,690,577 \$3,669,727 \$3,500,739 \$3,167,565 \$2,884,869 \$2,633,331 \$2,466,916 \$2,287,450 \$2,142,550 \$2,047,286 TIF/Enterprise zone values \$504,469 \$535,980 \$469,538 \$390,668 \$390,668 \$339,037 \$311,095 \$302,833 \$276,871 \$(240,761) \$(215,335)\$ Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-	Home improvement exemption	(470)	(569)	(731)	(636)	(672)	(750)	(891)	(1,017)	(1,168)	(1,373)
Railroad equalized value 32,502 27,816 27,231 25,251 24,703 25,178 24,587 23,879 20,395 20,018 Total equalized real property used for taxes \$3,690,577 \$3,669,727 \$3,500,739 \$3,167,565 \$2,884,869 \$2,633,331 \$2,466,916 \$2,287,450 \$2,142,550 \$2,047,286 TIF/Enterprise zone values \$504,469 \$535,980 \$469,538 \$390,668 \$390,668 \$339,037 \$311,095 \$302,833 \$276,871 \$(240,761) \$(215,335)\$ Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-											
Railroad equalized value 32,502 27,816 27,231 25,251 24,703 25,178 24,587 23,879 20,395 20,018 Total equalized real property used for taxes \$3,690,577 \$3,669,727 \$3,500,739 \$3,167,565 \$2,884,869 \$2,633,331 \$2,466,916 \$2,287,450 \$2,142,550 \$2,047,286 TIF/Enterprise zone values \$504,469 \$535,980 \$469,538 \$390,668 \$390,668 \$339,037 \$311,095 \$302,833 \$276,871 \$(240,761) \$(215,335)\$ Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-	Billing value before railroad	3.658.075	3.641.911	3.473.508	3.142.314	2.860.166	2.608.153	2.442.329	2.263.571	2.122.155	2.027.268
used for taxes \$ 3,690,577 \$ 3,669,727 \$ 3,500,739 \$ 3,167,565 \$ 2,884,869 \$ 2,633,331 \$ 2,466,916 \$ 2,287,450 \$ 2,142,550 \$ 2,047,286 TIF/Enterprise zone values \$ 504,469 \$ 535,980 \$ 469,538 \$ 390,668 \$ 339,037 \$ 311,095 \$ 302,833 \$ 276,871 \$ (240,761) \$ (215,335) Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-						• •					
used for taxes \$ 3,690,577 \$ 3,669,727 \$ 3,500,739 \$ 3,167,565 \$ 2,884,869 \$ 2,633,331 \$ 2,466,916 \$ 2,287,450 \$ 2,142,550 \$ 2,047,286 TIF/Enterprise zone values \$ 504,469 \$ 535,980 \$ 469,538 \$ 390,668 \$ 339,037 \$ 311,095 \$ 302,833 \$ 276,871 \$ (240,761) \$ (215,335) Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-	<u> </u>										
TIF/Enterprise zone values \$ 504,469 \$ 535,980 \$ 469,538 \$ 390,668 \$ 339,037 \$ 311,095 \$ 302,833 \$ 276,871 \$ (240,761) \$ (215,335) Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-		¢ 3 600 577	¢ 3 660 727	· ¢ - 3 500 730	¢ 3 167 565	¢ 2.994.960	© 2 622 221	¢ 2.466.016	\$ 2.287.450	¢ 21/2550	¢ 2.047.286
Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-	used to: taxes	ψ 3,090,377	\$ 3,009,727	<u>\$ 3,300,739</u>	\$ 3,107,303	<u>\$_2,004,009</u>	φ 2,033,331	φ 2,400,910	ψ 2,201,430	φ 2,142,330	\$ 2,047,200
Ratio of equalized assessed value to locally assessed value-											
to locally assessed value-	TIF/Enterprise zone values	\$ 504,469	\$ 535,980	\$ 469,538	\$ 390,668	\$ 339,037	\$ 311,095	\$ 302,833	\$ 276,871	\$ (240,761)	\$ (215,335)
to locally assessed value-											
$oldsymbol{t}$	•										
non-agricultural 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000 1.0000	•									.*	
	non-agricultural	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Property Tax Rates

(per \$100 of Equalized Assessed Value)

(unaudited)

Fiscal year extended & collected Tax year	<u>2010</u> 2009	2009 2008	2008 2007	<u>2007</u> 2006	2006 2005	2005 2004	<u>2004</u> 2003	2003 2002	<u>2002</u> 2001	<u>2001</u> 2000
General Fund Tort Fund	0.1166 0.1104 0.2270	0.1229 0.1112 0.2341	0.1317 0.1143 0.2460	0.1456 0.1263 0.2719	0.1529 0.1282 0.2811	0.1599 0.0207 0.1806	0.1602 0.1476 0.3078	0.1618 0.0989 0.2607	0.1627 0.0307 0.1934	0.1651 0.0310 0.1961
Special revenues funds	0.6898	0.6820	0.6660	0.7371	0.6904	0.8103	0.7042	0.6832	0.7554	0.7582
Debt service fund	-	<u>-</u>		-	-	-	***	-		
	0.9168	0.9161	0.9120	1.0090	0.9715	0.9909	1.0120	0.9439	0.9488	0.9543

ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS Property Tax Levies and Collections (unaudited)

Fiscal year extended & collected Tax year	<u>2010</u> 2009	2009 2008	2008 2007	2007 2006	2006 2005	2005 2004	2004 2003	2003 2002	<u>2002</u> 2001	<u>2001</u> 2000
Original extension	\$ 33,904,501	\$ 33,618,874	\$ 31,927,439	\$ 31.961,243	\$ 28,026,978	\$ 26,093,495	\$ 24.965.251	\$ 21.586.033	\$ 20,334,876	\$ 19,659,635
Billing adjustments	(282,658)	(258,721)	(179,444)	(192,830)	(150,808)	(126,772)	(88,376)	(96,974)	(78,976)	(123,275)
Final Extension	33,621,843	33,360,153	31,747,995	31,768,413	27,876,170	25,966,723	24,876,875	21,489,059	20,255,900	19,536,360
Collections	33,445,423	33,226,527	31,613,647	31,667,482	27,777,712	25,900,810	24,746,367	21,409,915	20,201,790	19,489,766
Taken by County Trustee	\$ 176,420	\$ 133,626	\$ 134,348	\$ 100,931	\$ 98,458	\$ 65,913	\$ 130,508	\$ 79,144	\$ 54,110	\$ 46,594
Percent collected	99.48%	99.60%	99.58%	99.68%	99.65%	99.75%	99.48%	99.63%	99.73%	99.76%
Back taxes collected*	\$ (199,409)	\$ (148,940)	\$ 355,575	\$ 14,741	\$ 922	\$ 95,217	\$ 96,561	\$ 41,571	\$ 36,956	\$ 53,054

^{*}Back taxes collected by the Trustee on behalf of the County are not recorded by tax year and accordingly cannot be reported by tax year. In addition, these are net of prior year refunds. In 2008, back taxes included amounts erroneously not billed in prior years but collected in 2008. In 2009 and 2010 back taxes refunded exceeded back taxes collected and were paid from current tax collections.